Cambria Freeman
is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PENNA.,
BY JAMES G. HASSON,

Circulation, - - - - 1,200

Subscription Rates.

Per Year, cash in advance.....$1.50
" " if not paid within 3 months. 1.75
" " if not paid within 6 months. 2.00
" " if not paid within the year.. 2.25

To persons residing outside of the county
50c additional per year will be charged to
subscribers.

No paper will the above terms be de-
parted from, and those who don't consult their
interests by paying in advance must not ex-
pect to be placed on the same footing as those who
do pay. This fact be distinctly understood from
the start forward.

Notify us your paper before you stop it, if stop
you want it. None but scalawags do otherwise.—
Don't be a scalawag—life is too short.

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

VOLUME XXXI. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1897. NUMBER 19.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times	$ 1.50
1 inch, 3 months	2.50
1 inch, 6 months	3.50
1 inch, 1 year	5.00
2 inches, 6 months	6.00
2 inches, 1 year	10.00
3 inches, 6 months	8.00
3 inches, 1 year	12.00
¼ column, 6 months	10.00
½ column, 6 months	20.00
¾ column, 1 year	35.00
1 column, 6 months	40.00
1 column, 1 year	75.00

Business items, first insertion, 10c. per line subsequent insertions, 5c. per line
Administrator's and Executor's Notices.. $2.50
Auditor's Notices.. 2.50
Stray and similar Notices.. 2.00
Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.
Book and Job Printing of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at the lowest prices. And don't you forget it.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH
SAPOLIO

The White is King
IN SPEED —
IN STAYING QUALITIES —
IN BEAUTY —
IN EVERY REQUISITE OF HIGH GRADE CONSTRUCTION
THE WHITE LEADS
THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.
NEW YORK—BOSTON—SAN FRANCISCO—LONDON—PARIS.

Great Magazine Offer.

3 FOR 1 — 3 FOR 1

The regular subscription price of "DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE," "JUDGE'S LIBRARY," AND "FUNNY PICTURES" is $3.00.

We will send all three to you for one year for $2.00 or 6 mo. for $1.

"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE" is by far the best family magazine published; there is no other monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's. There is, in fact, no magazine pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can compare with it. Every number contains a free pattern coupon.

"JUDGE'S LIBRARY" is a monthly magazine of fun, filled with illustrations in caricature and replete with wit and humor. Its contributors are the best of American wits and illustrators.

"FUNNY PICTURES" is another humorous monthly; there is a laugh in every line of it. All three of these magazines are handsomely gotten up. You should not miss the chance to secure them.

Cut here and return Coupon properly filled out.

Demorest Publishing Co., 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

For the enclosed $2.00 please send send DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE, JUDGE'S LIBRARY (a magazine of fun,) and FUNNY PICTURES for one year as per your offer.

Name _____

Post-office _____

State _____

FARMERS!
TAKE NOTICE

Having made some extensive improvements in the

OLD SHENKLE MILL

I are now prepared to turn out FIRST-CLASS WORK on Short Notice. Soliciting a portion of your patronage, I remain

S. D. LUDWIG,
PROPRIETOR.

1849 - VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE - 1897
Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue. Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.
THE GUIDE and Your Choice — One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory or Pansy Choice mixed for 15c
Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 45 cts.
Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to date on these subjects, for 3 months, the Guide and One packet of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents.
Every Tenth Person sending an Order as above will receive a Coupon good for 50 cents' worth of Seeds.
When ordering state where you saw this adv. and we will send a packet of Choice Flower Seeds free.
JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.
VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE
VICKS

A FORT ON WHEELS.

An Express Car That Is a Perfect Arsenal.

One Train That Is Safe from the Attacks of Road Agents — A Safe Carrier of Millions of Dollars.

The best guarded treasure train in the world is made up of eight express cars and an arsenal, which is a rolling fortress. This train is run as a special between Chicago and New York, over the Michigan Central and New York Central railroads.

No attempt has ever been made to molest this train, which pulls out of Chicago every night at 9:25, carrying cargoes of currency, gold, silver and valuables that generally exceed $1,000,000 in value.

The "arsenal" car has been a feature of this express train for six years, and was build by the Michigan Central to the order of the American Express company. The "arsenal" is hooked on behind the messenger local car, which is next to the engine of the train. The crew of the arsenal is composed of four men, who carry strapped to their persons six-shot 45-caliber revolvers, and a belt with 50 extra cartridges.

In addition to these, each guard carries what is known as a riot gun, being a six-shot repeating gun, discharging cartridges made up of 12 buck-shot.

The car does not differ materially from an ordinary express car in appearance, but it is of special construction. The idea is to carry in this car a guard for the entire train. The car is bullet proof, lined with steel plates half an inch thick. There are doors at either end of the car. There is in each of these a "peek, hole," through which a gun can be ranged and fired. On either side of the car is a steel projection a foot wide and extending from the level of the window-sill to the roof.

At each end at the side of this arrangement a port hole is provided, so that a rifle may be used to sweep the side of the train, front or rear, or to shoot from the side hole in any direction. There is again within the car a bomb-proof chamber, to which the guards could retreat in the event of a determined and organized attack.

This bomb-proof room extends above the roof of the car, and in the cupola formed there is room for two men armed with riot guns, who, through apertures made for the purpose, keep a constant watch upon the top of the train.

On racks built in the bomb-proof car are six extra riot guns, a small caisson containing ammunition and a rapid-firing Hotchkiss gun, which would, when brought into action, annihilate a brigade of train robbers.

The engineer, fireman, brakemen and conductor of this train and their crews are men selected for their known bravery, and they carry heavy revolvers and cartridge belts.

There is but one manager on the train. All the cars are sealed except the local car, which contains two safes that weigh 3,000 pounds each. One of these safes can be unlocked only at one place between Chicago and New York. The other, which is called the local, is opened at some six or eight important cities en route.

The valuables are placed in the safes at Chicago by an agent, who locks the safe and then removes the combination dial. At the points where the safe is to be opened the local agent appears with a duplicate of the dial, and works half of the combination. The messenger knows the other half.—N. Y. Journal.

GERMANY'S POLITICAL POLICE.

An Odious Institution of the Bismarckian Regime.

One boast the German is never weary of making in regard to his government as compared with that of the United States, namely, that the officials of the fatherland are distinguished, if not for enterprise, at least for honesty. In the main this is true, but there are exceptions. The late Chancellor Bismarck had no sooner got his imperial machinery in running order, 25 years ago, than he introduced as part of his government one of the most odious features of Russia, namely, the secret political police. He set aside large sums of money with which to pay informers, spies, and a class of wretches, unknown in America, called agents provocateurs. The business of these last gentlemen was to organize disturbances among socialists, in order that the government might have an excuse for making arrests of such as the great prime minister was pleased to call "enemies of the empire," or such as we would call enemies to the Bismarckian policy.

The fruit which this tree has borne is very bitter. A recent trial in Berlin disclosed the painful fact that this secret police, intrusted with the most delicate of all political tasks, has been using its powers for the purpose of advancing the interests of a court clique as opposed to the constitutional government of the country. Bribery, forgery, perjury, have been used in the hopes of damaging Baron Marschall, who is head of the German foreign office, and a man wholly above the vulgar intrigues that flourish in the atmosphere of a court. But perhaps the saddest feature in the case is the sidelight it throws upon the German press. Our own papers are not models of purity, but it would be difficult to name a New York paper capable of doing such dirty work as is expected of so-called official and semi-official papers in the land of Schiller and Goethe. When we in America read that the German press attacks this man or praises that one, it does not mean that the editors of these different papers have reached an independent opinion in regard to their relative merits, but it too frequently does mean that they have been instructed by the political police, or some other organ of state, that they must say this, that, or the other.—Harper's Weekly.

Paper Gas Pipes.

Paper is now being used for underground gas pipes in England. The material is cellulose paper, soaked in asphalt. The pipes are said to be impermeable to water and air, capable of resisting heavy pressure, not subject to the ordinary causes of deterioration and not affected by the action of electric currents.—Chicago Tribune.

RIDES ON CLERICAL MILEAGE.

A Drummer's Amusing Experience with a Railway Conductor.

For the first time in his long career on the road the affable drummer found himself in the railroad depot half an hour in advance of train time. When he discovered his mistake his wrath knew no bounds, and words choice and rare were hurled in every direction as he stood in front of the big clock and regulated his own misleading timepiece. The mere thought of having violated the ethics of his profession so violently as to be found lounging about in a railroad waiting-room was more than he could tolerate. His countenance softened visibly, however, as he espied the portly figure of his old friend Colton with his sample case filled with small vials of sour mash and Sonoma wines.

"Had a funny experience last trip out," said Colton, "and had the pleasure of sidetracking a conductor on a scalper's ticket. He knew his business all right enough, but my presence of mind won the day."

"Don't exhaust your vocabulary in the preface," exclaimed the affable drummer, "but give the story and let me be the judge of its merits."

"Well, it was this way," continued Colton. "When I came back from the south three weeks ago my expense account looked like a gas balloon, and the head bookkeeper warned me to be on the lookout for trouble from the inside office. Two days later I was ordered out on a special mission, and, being somewhat short of cash, I dropped into the nearest scalper, and was lucky enough to be able to purchase the remnants of a 1,000-mile book. It had been issued to Rev. Lucius Bingle, of Detroit, but of course I paid no attention to the name and climbed into the smoking car in regular fashion.

"Without loss of time I planted myself comfortably near a window, placed my sample case and valise on the seat alongside, and after lighting a cigar proceeded to peruse the latest copy of the Standard. When the conductor reached me I was in the act of taking a small swallow from my flask, but I reached for the mileage book and handed it to the boss of the train. He glanced at the name and then at me and remarked:

"'Mr. Bingle, glad to see you are enjoying yourself. How is the Sunday school getting on nowadays?'

"For a moment I was stunned," continued Colton, "but I suddenly recollected the name of Rev. Lucius Bingle on the corner of the book and felt like jumping through the window. I was supposed to be a clergyman, and there I was with sample cases, cigars, whisky and a sporting paper in the smoking car. I fooled the conductor squarely in the face, and told him I had removed from Detroit and was engaged in evangelical work among the commercial travelers along the road, and was en route to Milwaukee to conduct a revival under the auspices of the Brewery Workers' league. Would you believe it, the conductor tore out the coupons for the trip and left the car humming: 'Just Tell Them That You Saw Me.' Narrow escape, don't you think?"—Chicago Chronicle.

MOUNTAIN DOG FIGHT.

When They Came Back They Would Fight to a Finish.

"I was out in the mountains this summer," said a departmental clerk to a Star reporter. "At the house where I boarded there were 20 or 30 Washington people. One day a mountaineer came up to the porch where we were all seated, dragging a dog that seemed very loath to move. A short distance behind him was another man, also pulling a dog along.

"'Gentlemen,' said the first man to arrive, 'these hyar dawgs air th' fightenest dawgs in th' mounting. We mis-lev a bet on 'em an' we're gwine ter hev th' fight in th' stable yander. It'll be th' deadest bout yo' all ever seed. Only two hits ter look at it.'

"We all went to the stable, in which there were a door and a window. A ring was made and the dogs thrown into it. One uttered a yelp and jumped through the window, the other made a break for the door.

"'Thar they go,' shouted one of the men; 'foller 'em, gentlemen, ef yo' want ter see the purtiest race yo' ever looked at. They've jest takin' a run fer exercise, an' when they git back the fout'll come off. We'll go an' bring 'em back when they git enough warmed up.' Then they left; and I guess the dogs are still running, as the fight has not come off."—Washington Star.

A RIPE OLD AGE.

Mrs. Charles Howard, of Baltimore, 94 years old, is the only surviving child of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star Spangled Banner."

Theodore Sedgwick Fay, who was associated with N. P. Willis and George P. Morris in editing the New York Mirror more than 60 years ago, is still living in Berlin at the age of 90.

The matrimonial statistics for Berlin for 1896 attest that in that year 21 Berliners were married who had passed the ripe age of 74 years.

One of the jolliest of the old men present at the old folks' dance given recently at Barre, Mass., was Dr. William L. Russell, who is now the oldest living graduate of Harvard college. Dr. Russell is 97.

PERT AND PUNGENT.

More than enough is too much.

Wrinkled purses make wrinkled faces.

You must plow with such oxen as you have.

One hair of a woman draws more than a team of oxen.

Wholesome and poisonous herbs grow in the same garden.

One of his hands is unwilling to wash the other for nothing.

When one is horribly afraid of drowning, one can't stop to debate on whether one likes to be indebted to the person who throws out the plank.—F. E. Montressor.

Just Like Monkeys.

The Behozy, who occupy a densely wooded country among the hills of Bemarahn, jump from tree to tree just like monkeys, and are not easily followed, inasmuch as their territory is exceedingly rocky. They are very timid, and it is said they die of fright when captured.—N. Y. Sun.

A QUEEN'S FIRST BALL.

Social Debut of the Young Ruler of the Netherlands.

The young queen of Netherlands recently attended her first ball, an epoch in the life of every girl. The great ballroom in the royal castle at S'Gravenhage was brilliant in a sea of light, floating over glittering uniforms and rich ball dresses and jewels. Nobody who was permitted to appear at court stayed at home on this occasion, and like a wall the invited guests stood at both sides of the passage leading to the throne chairs. Begging and imploring, the court marshal hurried through the ranks and kept this small path open for the queens, and about nine o'clock they put in an appearance. Amid the flourishing of trumpets and the stentorian announcement: "Hare majesteiten!" (Their majesties!) they entered the room. Dead stillness reigned, interrupted only by the rustling of the dresses of the deeply bowing ladies and that made by the queens and their suite entering. Queen Wilhelmina looked truly charming. She wore a simple white dress, adorned with only a few white roses fastened on the right shoulder. The only jewels she wore were strings of diamonds braided through her blonde hair, the brilliancy of which was, however, offset by the happiness and pleasant expression of her youthful, round face. While hundreds crowded to the throne to obtain the honor of being presented to the young queen, she looked several times over into that small part of the ballroom where some devotees of the art attempted to dance. Shortly after her arrival a "quadrille of honor" was danced. Queen Wilhelmina arose and danced this quadrille with the Russian ambassador, De Struwe, as the oldest representative of the diplomatic corps. The same honor was extended to the chief of the military cabinet, Count De Monceau. Another reception at the throne followed, the same crowding of the people present to make an exit for the queens occurred, and through the narrow pathway the young queen left the ballroom with her mother, after experiencing for the first time the pleasure which young girls so impatiently await—their first ball.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

THE CITY OF CANEA.

The Capital of Crete and Scene of Recent Trouble.

Canea, or Khania, since 1841 the capital of Crete, and its principal seaport, is situated on the northern coast of the island, and about 25 miles from its western extremity on the isthmus of the Akrotiri peninsula, which lies between the Bay of Canea and the Bay of Suda. It is on the site of the ancient Cydonia, is the principal commercial town of the island, with a population of about 15,000. It is closely built, irregular and overcrowded, and surrounded by a massive Venetian wall. Of late years a few of the streets have been widened.

The ordinary buildings are of wood, though a few of the more important are of more solid materials. There are some Greek churches, a number of Turkish mosques, a Jewish synagogue, a military hospital in an old Venetian building, and a substantially constructed prison. The fosse is laid out in gardens; public gardens have been constructed outside the walls and artesian wells have been bored by the government. The harbor is 1,200 feet long, formed by an ancient transverse mole, indicated by a lighthouse and protected by a fort. The harbor is shallow, but affords safe anchorage for vessels of 300 tons.

Oil, soap and wax are the principal exports; shipbuilding on a small scale is carried on in the port, and there is considerable manufacture of leather.

The town is the seat of the Greek bishop, suffragan to the metropolitan of Candia. It is also the official residence of the European consuls. In 1856 the town suffered severely from an earthquake.—Toledo Blade.

STATES THAT PRODUCE STONE.

Vermont Leads in Marble and Maine in Granite.

Some facts of an instructive nature relating to the stone industry are furnished by Mr. Day in the annual report of the United States geographical survey. It appears from this that certain of the southern states are gradually coming into prominence as extensive producers of stone, and also that the sorts of stone quarried have been modified of late years. An instance in point is to be found in Alabama, which in 1895 furnished more than $250,000,000 worth of stone, mostly limestone, although some sandstone is worked there. A similar illustration is presented by Connecticut, which once divided the sandstone yield with New Jersey, but produced last year little more sandstone than Massachusetts, while New Jersey showed only one-third as much as Connecticut, and little more than Kansas or Michigan; and Pennsylvania, unknown a few years ago as supplying sandstone, recorded a product in 1895 equal to Connecticut and New Jersey combined, and more than any other state than Ohio. In granite production Massachusetts keeps the first place, with Maine not far off, while Vermont is rapidly overtaking Maine, and Rhode Island keeps up the output from its splendid quarries in and about Westerly to nearly $1,000,000 worth a year. New Hampshire comes fifth on the list, with about half as much. In marble, Vermont, as usual, leads all the other states, its output being about double that of Georgia, which is second in amount; Tennessee is third.

Bay of Fundy's Tide.

Extraordinary stories are sometimes told of the immense tides in the Bay of Fundy. The scientific facts in regard to them have recently been published by the Canadian geological survey. The bay is about 145 miles long, and gradually narrows, and becomes shallower as it penetrates the land. The upper part divides into two main branches, and several small side bays exist. The highest tides at the mouth of the main bay reach 18 feet. Going up the bay they increase in height. At Digby Neck they attain 22 feet, at St. John 27 feet, at Petitcodiac river 46 feet, and at Noel river in Cobequid bay, 53 feet, the maximum. Some branch bays are left empty at ebb tide. —Youth's Companion.

WAR ON VIVISECTION.

Friends and Enemies of the Practice Are Clashing.

The United States Senate Besieged by Contending Factions—Eminent Antis Making a Vigorous Fight.

One of the hardest fights of the century between the advocates of vivisection on the one side and its opponents on the other has been going on in the United States senate committee on the District of Columbia for two years, and at present the antis are in the lead.

The bill introduced by Senator McMillan restricting vivisection in the District has been reported favorably by the committee. What the result of the contest in the house of representatives will be remains to be seen.

The McMillan bill, after providing that any person taking part in experiments calculated to give pain shall for the first offense be punished by a fine of $150, and for the second offense a fine of $300 and with imprisonment for six months, makes stringent provisions under which vivisection can be carried on.

There are to be regular inspections of the places where the experiments are held, and the president is required to appoint the inspection officers.

The testimony taken by the committee fills a large printed book of nearly 200 pages. Arguments for and against the measure were made by some of the leading physicians, lawyers and public men of the country. Reports from foreign scientists and results of experiments also were filed with the committee. Petitions containing the names of scores of men and women of national prominence were filed in favor of the act, while memorials and resolutions from dozens of medical societies and medical men were presented in opposition to it.

Gen. and Mrs. Miles, Bishop Henry Y. Satterlee, Mrs. U. S. Grant, Justices Harlan, Brown, Brewer, White and Peckham, of the United States supreme court; Comptroller Eckels, Montgomery Blair, Rev. Dr. Dix, the late Bishop Phillips Brooks and half a hundred physicians were among those who subscribed to the bill.

These statements from the point of view of those who favor vivisection told of the wonderful achievements resultant from the practice and the extent to which mankind had been benefited by them.

One of the most persistent forces operating against vivisection is the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. John P. Haines, superintendent of the society, took a leading part in the fight for the bill. He said to a reporter for the World:

"I am opposed to vivsection because I do not think it right to torture living animals, especially when the results produced are of so doubtful a nature. I maintain that all needless experiments on living animals ought to be prohibited; that the use of living animals by students for the purpose of acquiring surgical dexterity is unnecessary. The repetition of experiments before classes of students for the mere purpose of demonstration is likewise useless and ought to be prohibited. The use of anaesthetics ought to be required in every case in which they can be applied."—N. Y. World.

HE LIKED SAUSAGE.

A Tribute to the Palatableness of Macerated Donkey.

One of the glories of the city of Lyons, which claims the attention and admiration of every visitor, is an artistic product of the butcher known as saucisson de Lyon, or in English Lyon sausage. It is made of donkey—raw donkey—and no writer has celebrated the gastronomical excellence of this patient, vexatious and often ill-used beast with more delicate appreciation than the late Philip Gilbert Hamerton, in "Chapters on Animals."

"Of the ass, when living, I could not say much that is wholly favorable, but when he appears in the state of saucisson he may be praised without the slightest restriction.

"In sections like dark-red marble dashed with white, it may be cut to an infinitesimal thinness, leaving a surface smoother than the finest veneers. In the mass it is closely wrapped in silvery foil, to guard against the influences of the air.

"In the sweetest associations of the memory the saucisson has its place. Weary after the morning's march, the tourist takes it from his knapsack, and lays upon his bread those dainty disks which are its slices. The strength of his youth comes back to him, and the Alpine snows no longer seem inaccessible.

"At the stateliest imperial banquet the saucisson is not disdained. At the pleasant picnic by the shady river it is found in the welcome baskets. The angler has it in his bag, the shooter in his capacious pocket, the canoeist in his Lilliputian cabin of stores.

"O saucisson de Lyon, sad is the moment when we cast the skinny remnant of thee into the stream, but the little fishes congregate eagerly to the banquet, and ask each other what noble animal has yielded his flesh for their feasting."—Youth's Companion.

Queen's Bad Relatives.

In times gone by an English duchess, her grace of Kingston, underwent imprisonment for bigamy and forgery, and to-day there are actually relatives of Queen Victoria "doing time," says the Chicago News. Count and Countess of Leiningen belong to the princely house of that name, and the first husband of Queen Victoria's mother was a prince of Leiningen. The count is in an English penitentiary and the countess is confined at Vienna for a long series of crimes, which include forgery, blackmailing and swindling.

Weight of the Earth.

A scientific man who has given much study to the question has come to the conclusion that the weight of the earth, taking the ton as the unit, is expressed by a figure six followed by 21 ciphers. There is no reason to believe that this estimate is fairly accurate, and also to be thankful that in the nature of things it is impossible to drop the earth on one's toes.

A NOVEL INDUSTRY.

How One Man Makes a Living by Buying Canadian Money.

All through that part of the country (northern Ohio) there is a discount of 20 cents on every Canadian dollar. Of course Canadian money is not as much in circulation as is the legal tender of the United States, but there is enough for his purpose. A man advertised in all surrounding country towns that he would redeem Canadian money for 90 cents on the dollar. It was some time before he had any results from this advertising. It was like the man who stood on London bridge at midnight and offered to give away sovereigns. People laughed at him. The farmers were shy. They thought it was a swindling game of some kind and left him severely alone. One day a man came in with $10 Canadian money. It was of all shapes and sizes from the five-cent piece that looks like a dime to a dollar bill drawn on the Bank of Montreal. If he had spent it he could have secured eight dollars' worth of goods for it. My man gave him nine big silver dollars in United States money for it. Before the week was out he had exchanged United States dollars for $250 worth of Canadian money. This would give him a profit of $25 whenever Canadian money is as good as our own.

From that time on the business gradually increased, until to-day he averages about $150 a week. Instead of having the farmers come to him he goes to them and buys their accumulated savings of Canada coin. They are all his customers and know him well in the five years they have done business together.

"Are you not afraid of competition in your business in case it becomes generally known?" I asked. "No," said he, "you see, I requires a comparatively large amount of money as a starting capital. Then I have to have men in the frontier cities who will give me United States money for my Canada currency. I generally take a trip twice a year to Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago and Buffalo, where I make these exchanges. All this requires years of preparation, and no outsider could step in and make exchanges with my patrons, as they have all the money they can handle now, even at a two per cent. commission on the dollar."—Buffalo Express.

TAKING THE TEMPERATURE.

Sometimes It Happens That the Thermometer Is Taken.

At the Aquarium the temperature of the water in the tanks and pools is taken daily by means of a thermometer especially designed for such uses, which is lowered into the tank by a cord. If there is a loose end that makes a tassel where the cord is tied on to the thermometer, some fish may nip at that, mistaking it for something that can be eaten. Sometimes when the thermometer is lowered into the water all the fish in the tank sweep around and make for it and swim up very close to it, their noses all pointing at it. But they do not come to see how the mercury stands. They had seen the glint of the metal case in the water, and all had made a dart for it, expecting to find something to eat. In the shallow and comparatively light waters of the Aquarium tanks they could see when they got near that it was not what they expected, or they sheered off, perhaps, because it was too big to swallow.

In deep sea work, in hydrographic surveying and in deep sea fishing for specimens, it sometimes happens that a big fish will swallow the lead with which soundings are being taken; and sometimes a big fish will swallow the thermometer that has been lowered to the bottom to take the temperature. Such occurrences are not common, but they are not sufficiently unusual to be counted as remarkable. And in such a case the lead or thermometer is not likely to be lost. Usually it is attached to a wire, strong enough to hold it and the fish, too, and unless the fish lets go it is caught.—N. Y. Sun.

A DISSIPATED DOG.

The Animal Has a Weakness for Getting on a Spree.

Fort Logan, Col., has a favorite who is the cause of more temperance lectures than all the frequenters of that post put together, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. He has contracted the bad habit of indulging in the flowing bowl and when in the vicinity of the canteen—about the time of pay day especially—he is sure to get more or less intoxicated on the offerings of the doughboys, who like to share with their favorite the good things of the day which comes but once a month. Jerry Simpson is a private in the ranks and is a total abstainer, never going near the canteen except when ordered there on duty to escort to the guardhouse those who are unable to pick their way to the barracks. On such an occasion it is not an uncommon thing for Jerry to find Colonel, his famous retriever, prone on the floor in the highest stage of inebriation, chewing the last remnant of a good-sized jag. Colonel is kept by his master for his usefulness on the hunting field, though he would not suffer for a home as long as any of his boon companions remained in the ranks. They love him dearly and keep him well fed and supplied with tobacco—for the Colonel also likes a taste of the herb nicotina when he is in the dumps after soaking his head in the stable bucket on the morning following a debauch. He is a troubled specter when in his moods after recovering from the good things of the night before and acts very much like one of the two-footed revelers who enticed him from the sedate quarters of his owner. Private Simpson keeps a warm place in his heart for the forlorn canine when he is seduced by the canteen crowd into a bibulous condition.

Scared His Speech Back.

A remarkable case of the recovery of speech and hearing is reported in the London Lancet from the canton of Ticino in Switzerland. An Italian, aged 41 years, who five years ago became a deaf mute in consequence of a serious disease, was startled by the sudden appearance of a runaway horse. As he jumped aside to avoid the animal he uttered a loud scream, and after it had gone found that he was able to talk and hear.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—Thieves borrowed a wheelbarrow to cart away a stolen stove at Toronto and were arrested just as they reached a second-hand dealer's shop.

—More eyes must be damaged or lost than most people suppose. Two million glass eyes are manufactured every year in Germany and Switzerland.

—A religious sect in the Bengal presidency worships Queen Victoria as their chief divinity. She is also an object of worship in one of the temples of Tibet.

—William H. Manson, the sailor who carried Farragut ashore on his back at the siege of New Orleans, died at his home in York, Me., the last of January.

—A Chinaman advertises in newspapers of the City of Mexico a first-class American restaurant where fresh oysters will be supplied whenever called for.

—On statistics furnished by the pharmacists it is estimated that there are in Paris alone at least 50,000 victims of the morphine habit, among them 30,000 women.

—Many persons fall into the error of supposing that all fish is alike wholesome. Mackerel is one of the most oily of fish and the most difficult to digest, and should be entirely abstained from except by persons in the best of health. Whiting is the most wholesome and digestible fish, and next to that comes sole.

—New York's surplus of vagrants might find a more congenial field in Lincoln, Neb., where out of 50 tickets given out by the Theosophical society for free suppers the holders of only four presented them for meals, and in the first hour of a free dinner served by Ballington Booth's volunteers only four persons came to partake of it.

—The owner of a granite quarry in Frankfort, Me., testifies that he sells stumpage for granite at eight cents a cubic yard for dimension stone and at six cents for grout. Grout granite is of irregular shape, and all sizes from a paving stone up. Cost, 60 cents a cubic yard, including stumpage, to get dimension granite from quarry to wharf; 60 to 65 cents a yard for grout.

A COUNTRY OF SURPRISES.

Strange Industrial Rivals in South Africa.

While there is little doubt that with proper development of its agricultural and pastoral resources South Africa could be made self-supporting, the successful development of these industries depends, nevertheless, upon the creation of local markets through the stimulus given by mining operations.

Whatever may contribute to the extension of the commerce and trade of South Africa, the immediate future of the country is dependent primarily upon the development of its mineral resources. Probably no other event has so impressed this fact upon the minds of the people of the country at large as the dire straits to which they have been reduced by the rinderpest epidemic.

Indeed, upon two previous memorable occasions South Africa has been saved from industrial disaster by the stimulus given to trade through the development of the diamond industry in one instance and the development of the gold industry in the other. The Deus ex machina to again save the country will be the expansion of the mineral industry.

With the exception of mining of gold, diamonds and coal, there have been no considerable exploitations of its mineral resources. Coal, fortunately, exists in many parts of the country, and it has been estimated that the known coal fields represent an area of 56,000 square miles, which is equal in extent to the state of Iowa. There exist in some parts of the country large deposits of iron contiguous to the coal-fields, but as yet the economic conditions have not favored the development of that industry. Lead, silver, cinnabar, tin and other metals are also found in many parts of the country, but have not been remuneratively worked. Among the mining countries of South Africa the Transvaal is facile princeps, and is in all probability destined to maintain its paramount position; though, as is well known, South Africa is "a country of surprises," and it is possible, of course, though not probable, that within its great extent other equally important districts may be discovered.—North American Review.

Dunkards.

The Dunkards, or Tunkers, belong to a sect founded in 1708 at Schwarzenau, Germany, by Alexander Mack and seven others, who rejected the doctrines of paedo-baptism. The name is a nickname, derived from the German Tunker—to dip—members of the sect styling themselves Brethren. Persecution drove the founders to Holland, and between 1719 and 1729 they all emigrated thence to America. They are found in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Ohio and Indiana, and it is apparent that some have found their way further west, but their numbers all told are not great. Their church discipline is nearly the same as that of other Baptists, except that every brother is allowed to exhort. Men found apt to teach are ordained ministers, and the oldest teachers bishops. The Dunkards affect great plainness of speech and dress, like the Quakers; neither take oaths, fight, nor go to law; and formerly they took no interest. They celebrate the taking of the sacrament with love feasts, washing of feet, the kiss of charity, and the right hand of fellowship; anoint the sick with oil for recovery; and practice complete immersion, with laying on of hands and prayer even while the person baptized is in the water.—N. Y. Tribune.

Savages' Deadly Weapon.

The most wonderful weapon of warfare in the world is used by the hunters of Borneo. It is a long bamboo rod with a narrow bore, called a "sumpitan," from which is blown a poisoned dart seven or eight inches long and not thicker than a large knitting needle. The weapon is absolutely noiseless, and the deadly missile which it hurls kills its victim and hardly leaves a trace upon the body. Armed with one of these blowguns, which are from ten to twelve feet long, and not greater than an inch in diameter, a warrior of Borneo can kill a man at a distance of 500 feet.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - - - MAY 14, 1897.

THE fact that the people of Crete wish to be united with Greece is probably one of the strongest reasons why the Powers of Europe will not permit it. To let the people of any country choose their own government might be a dangerous precedent.

THE tenth state sanitary convention, to be held under the auspices of the state board of health and vital statistics, in conjunction with Johnstown's board of health, will meet in the hall of the Young Men's Christian association, in Johnstown, on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 25 and 26.

JUDGE THOMAS EWING, an aged and well well known jurist, of Pittsburg, who has been on the bench for 24 years, died on Sunday of pneumonia, aged 70 years. He was a member of the State constitutional convention of 1873, which promulgated Pennsylvania's present constitution, and has been prominent in legal circles for many years.

THE Navy department proposes to abandon the policy of sending the two leading cadets of each year's graduating class at Annapolis to Europe for an advanced course of instruction in naval architecture, and will after June next educate its young men for the Construction Corps in schools in this country For several years it has been the custom to send one or two cadets each year to the Royal School at Greenwich, to be educated for two years at government expense, and then commissioned assistant naval constructors.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Journal*, writing from Ohio says: "It does'n't take a prophet to foresee that the next Ohio Legislature will be Democratic. The state went for Bryan, scale and count against him. Bryan got 48,000 more votes than the highest prior Republican vote—Bushnell's—ever cast. Yet McKinley topped that by over 50,000. The vote showed one for every three and three fourths per cent. of population, with an alien streak in the state of full twenty per cent. Such a vote could not have been honestly cast; it was n fraud on its face."

THE heavy Democratic gains noted in Ohio, Illinois and other western states in the April elections have been supplemented by similar gains in the May elections of Indiana. Almost without exception the Republicans showed heavy losses; and this was certainly the case where party lines were drawn. In many instances the Democrats made a clean sweep and there is no room to doubt the significance of the result. It means that there is an overwhelming re-action from last fall, and it should encourage local Democrats to bestir themselves. There is enough disgust even now among the men who were fooled last fall, to turn the tide in our favor.

SHOULD a man be paid for doing nothing—that is, for rendering no service in return for value received? In answer to this question every sensible person would say that he should not. There are 357 persons who are doing nothing, but, notwithstanding, are being paid out of the public treasury. They are the representatives in congress. For a month past they have simply met twice a week and adjourned. It is proposed that this farce and refined system of plundering the people shall continue for the next three months. In justice to many of the members, however, it should be stated that such action has been taken without their desire and in spite of their protests. The spectacle thus presented is a rather contradictory one as to our so-called system of representative rule. The popular branch of the legislative power of the government is paralyzed and kept so at the behest of one man. No despot ever attempted a grosser violation of the rights of the peolpe than is being displayed by Speaker Reed.

IT has been stated upon the authority of a member of the state legislature, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, that two or more of his colleagues recently visited a certain official or officials of a life insurance company having its head office in New York and proposed to the official or officials that certain legislation not agreeable to the company should be defeated upon the payment to these two or more legislators the sum of $50,000, the legislators further declaring that if the company failed to deliver this sum the undesired legislation would go upon the statute books.

Based upon the statement of the member of the legislature referred to and upon other interesting not to say startlings facts or rumors both houses joined in the appointment of an investigating committee. There are now rumors that the investigation is not to go forward, or rather that it is to be conducted in such a way as to suppress rather than to discover the truth and that the guilty persons believe they have reason to feel that they will not be exposed nor punished.

The committee named has taken no action which would indicate a desire for an immediate exposure. Nor are we aware that its members have shown an inclination to evade their duty. But it is proper that each member should understand that the people will not patiently tolerate avoidance or shirking in this serious business. The truth and the whole truth must be got at and speedily. If there are guilty members such as indicated let their crime be made known and judgment pronounced. If suspected members are guiltless let their slanderers be uncovered. There is no excuse for any longer delay. Within a few hours the whole truth can be ascertained.

One of the worst schedules in the Dingley bill is that relating to cutlery—especially pocket cutlery. The duties on pocketknives range from 100 per cent to 300 per cent above present duties and are nearly double those in the McKinley bill. Why, you will ask, are these duties so extraordinarily high? And why are they allowed to remain there? Both questions are easily answered.

It is unnecessary here to go into details. Before McKinley's nomination one of the five or six large manufacturers of pocket cutlery, who was prominent in the trust, which raised prices an average of about 33 per cent under the McKinley bill, began to hustle for McKinley. He is said to have raised a large sum of money by passing the hat among the 20 or 25 cutlery manufacturers. Just how the money was spent is not known. It is probable, however, that several McKinley delegates to St. Louis owed their presence there to this fund. The hat passer himself was one of the very few delegates from New York who was for McKinley first, last and all the time. He was one of Hanna's most trusted lieutenants. One of the two favors which he is said to have asked as compensation for his valuable services was the fixing of the cutlery schedule. This privilege, being an ordinary and expected one under the protection system, was readily granted by the power behind the throne. This is probably the whole story. It explains fully why the duties are there and why they will stay there.

Below is given in detail some of the effects of the proposed duties as applied to importations for the last fiscal year. Of course but few knives will be imported under such exorbitant duties.

PROPOSED SCHEDULE.

First.—All pocket knives not costing more than 40 cents a dozen, 35 per cent ad valorem.

Second.—Costing more than 40 cents a dozen, 1 blade, 20 per cent ad valorem and 50 cents a dozen.

Third.—Costing more than 40 cents a dozen, 2 blade, 20 per cent ad valorem and $1.5 dozen. (If pearl or shell, 50 cents a dozen extra.)

Fourth.—Costing more than 40 cents a dozen, 3 blade, 30 per cent ad valorem and $1.50 a dozen.

Fifth.—Costing more than 40 cents a dozen, 4 blades or more, 30 per cent ad valorem and $2 a dozen.
(If pearl or shell, 75 cents a dozen extra on 3 and 4 blades.)

Calculation showing result based on importations for fiscal year 1896: All knives costing 40 cents per dozen and less:

296,000 dozen, average price, 26 cents; value, 476,960; 35 per cent.

Knives costing over 40 cents per dozen:

48,000 dozen, 1 blade, average price, 60 cents; value, $28,800; at 20 per cent and 50 cents a dozen; duty, $29,760.

392,000 dozen, 2 blade, average price, $1.05; value, $493,760; at 20 per cent and $1 a dozen; duty, $472,752.

277,000 dozen, 3 blade, average price, $1.27; value, $351,790; at 20 per cent and $1.50 a dozen; duty, $485,856.

254,000 dozen, 4 blade, average price, $1.73; value, $439,420; at 20 per cent and $2 per dozen; duty, $505,884.

Total value, $1,223,770; total duty, $1,584,354; 129½ per cent.

Estimated that of 2, 3 and 4 blade 25 per cent are of pearl or shell, adding duty as follows:

98,000 dozen, 2 blade, at 50c.	$49,000
69,250 dozen, 3 blade, at 75c.	50,438
63,500 dozen, 4 blade, at 75c.	47,625
	$1,740,317—142½ p. c.

RESULT.

Knives to the value of 6 per cent of importations, duty would be 35 per cent.

Knives to the value of 94 per cent of importations, duty would be 142½ per cent.

The duty on pocket cutlery for some years prior to 1869 was 24 per cent ad valorem.

From 1860 to 1869 it was 50 per cent ad valorem, with the exceptions of a short time during that period when it was 45 per cent ad valorem.

The McKinley tariff averaged about 91 per cent ad valorem.

The Wilson tariff averaged about 51 per cent ad valorem.

The proposed Dingley tariff will average, based on the importations of 1896, 142½ per cent ad valorem on 94 per cent of all knives imported during that year.

The equivalent ad valorem duties on the following popular description of knives, under the McKinley bill, Wilson bill and proposed Dingley bill, are as follows:

	McKinley bill. P. C.	Wilson bill. P. C.	Dingley bill. P. C.
2 blade jackknives that retail at 25 cents	112	56	145
2 blade pearl ladies' knives that retail at 25 cents	112	56	195
2 blade pearl ladies' knives that retail at 50 cents	83	51	120
3 blade penknives, not pearl or shell, that retail at 50 cents	83	51	130
3 blade penknives, pearl or shell, that retail at 50 cents	83	51	170
4 blade penknives, not pearl or shell, that retail at 50 cents	83	51	160
4 blade penknives, pearl or shell, that retail at 50 cents	83	51	204

The extremely high duties which Dingley proposes to collect from women's dress goods should be more generally understood by the women of this country. It is they who must suffer most because of these duties. Here are a few samples of the increased duties taken from a list prepared by Mr. P. B. Worrall of the dress goods importing firm of Fred Butterfield & Co. of New York:

"A wool and cotton cloth costing in England 18. per yard, equal to 24 cents in our money, weighing 16 ounces to the running yard, costs under the present tariff 33.6 cents per yard, while under the proposed tariff it would cost 67 8-16 cents per yard.

"A wool and cotton cloth costing in England 2s. 4d. per yard, equal to 56 cents in our money, weighing 28 ounces to the running yard, and costing under the present tariff 78.4 cents per yard, would under the proposed tariff cost $1.4858 per yard.

"An all worsted cloth, costing in England 2s. 1d. per yard, equal to 50 cents in our money, weighing 16 ounces to the running yard, and costing under the present tariff 70 cents per yard, would cost under the proposed tariff $1.298 per yard.

"A 32 inch black serge (cotton warp), costing in England 7 5-8d. per yard, equal in our money to 15.25 cents, weighing less than 4 ounces to the square yard, costs under the present tariff 22.87 cents per yard. Under the proposed tariff it will cost 30.07 cents per yard.

"A 27 inch black sicilienne (cotton warp), costing in England 7 7-8d. per yard, equal to 15.75 cents in our money, weighing 3.7 ounces to the running yard, costs under the present tariff 23.62 cents per yard. Under the proposed tariff it will cost 33.92 cents per yard.

The corporations and wealthy individuals who are engaged in large manufacturing establishments desire a high tariff to increase their gains. Designing politicians will support it to conciliate their favor and to obtain the means for profuse expenditure for the purpose of purchasing influence in other quarters. Do not allow yourselves, my fellow citizens, to be misled in this subject. It is a system of injustice, and if persisted in will lead to corruption and must end in ruin.—Andrew Jackson in His Farewell Address.

It is true that woolen clothing, underwear and blankets will be out of the reach of people of moderate means when Dingley has his way, but just think how sweet it is to suffer for one's country and to shiver in order that the robber barons may continue to wax fat and contribute to the "legitimate" expenses of the g. o. p!—Louisville Post.

"The Dingley bill has done more in three days to reconstruct and strengthen the Democratic party than all the harmonizers and conciliators and managers could have done in a year," the Baltimore News (Dem.) says.

Ligonier Man Bunkoed.

Chicago, May 10.—Fred Bogardus and Neil McArthur, alias "Scotty," are being held on suspicion of having robbed Antonio Brown, a stockman from Ligonier, Pa., of $630 by means of a confidence game. Brown arrived in Chicago en route to Minneapolis. On Michigan avenue he met a young man who said he was waiting to catch a train to St. Paul. He wanted to accompany Brown on his journey, and while they waited for the train volunteered to show the Pennsylvania stockman around Chicago.

Brown says they entered a saloon, where the young man ordered a glass of beer, and tendered the bartender a $5 bill. The latter had no change, and while they were debating how to break the bill, a tall man entered. He announced that he was from Kentucky. He ordered whisky, The Kentucky man also had a $5 bill, and Brown was then called upon to change the money. He willingly consented and drew a roll containing $620 from his inside vest pocket. While he was fumbling it the two men grabbed the money and fled,

Cyclists Eat Out a Town.

Bristol, Pa., May 9.—At 6 o'clock tonight there was not a spoonful of ice cream, a cookie or a swallow of ginger ale or pop to be had in this town. The beautiful weather lured nearly twenty-one hundred cyclists by actual count to this place There were women in bloomers and women in short skirts; women who wore leggins and those who didn't; giddy girls and demurer young ladies, but the majority of the crowd was made up of young men. The soda fountains and ice cream parlors were attacked. Then at dinner time the hotels were besieged, and during the afternoon the ice cream stands had to withstand another onslaught. Ice cream freezers were turned until arms gave out. But the cyclist has an insatiable appetite for cream, and finally the proprietors had to acknowledge that they were beaten.

One of the sights of the morning was 800 Fairhill wheelmen on their century run. In the mix-up attendant on their stop here three wheels were wrecked.

All Ready for Philadelphia.

Washington, May 10.—Arrangements in outline were practically completed today for the president's visit to Philadelphia on the occasion of the unveiling of the Washington monument. The president, accompanied by his secretary, Mr. Porter, the vice president and party, and all of the members of the cabinet will leave here at two o'clock next Friday afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad. The president's party probably will be guests at the Walton hotel and that of the vice president at the Continental. At 6 30 o'clock the president will dine informally with some of the officers of the Union League club. At 9 o'clock he will give a public reception. On Saturday forenoon he will review the parade and at 1 o'clock he will deliver address on the monument grounds. This is the only speech he will make during his stay. The president will leave Philadelphia at 7 o'clock Saturday evening for Washington.

Train Wrecker Hanged,

Jackson, La., May 11.—Constable F. M. Norworthy left here for Clinton, La., about 8 P. M. Monday, having in custody a negro named Charlie Jackson, who was charged with attempting to wreck a train on the Jackson Railroad. When about five and a half miles from Jackson, near Red Wood bridge, he was halted and surrounded by an armed body of men, who relieved him of his prisoner, and allowed the constable to return to Jackson.

The body of the negro was found at early hour Tuesday hanging from a tree ome distance from where he was taken from the officer. Judge R. S. Austin, of the third Ward Justice Court, was notified, summoned a jury and held an inquest. The verdict was. "Hanged by parties unkmown."

Tried to Commit Bigamy.

Irwin, Pa., May 10.—A. A. McAllister, a well-known glass worker and Agnes Friskie, a very popular young woman, of North Irwin, were to have been married at the home of the bride's parents to-morrow afternoon. To day it was learned that McAllister had a wife and two children living at Freepoit. when the prospective groom was accused of being a married man, he only said that he had a divorce. A brother of Miss Friskie went before 'Squire Frederick and swore out a warrant for McAllister's arrest accusing him of perjury in procuring a license.

Attacked by an Angry Bull

Hagerstown, Md., May 11.—Mrs. Robert Poterfield was nearly gored to death yesterday by a bull at her farm near Falling Waters, Washington county. The infuriated beast attacked her in a field, tore her clothing from her and after tossing her once picked her up again and carried her some distance on his horns. The woman's corset prevented the horns penetrating the vital organs, but she was seriously injured. Her screams hurried her husband to the rescue, and he drove off the bull, whose horns had become entangled in the woman's torn clothing.

Both Her Feet Cut Off.

Hudson, N. Y., May 10.—Mrs. David Oppenheim, the wife of a former mayor of Vancouver, B. C., is in the hospital here, with both her feet cut off. She was en route to Philadelphia to be treated by a specialist for a nervous disease and was accompanied by her husband and a nurse. They occupied a compartment in a Wagner car on the New York Central railroad. Early to-day, when the train was a few miles above Hudson, Mrs. Oppenheim flung herself from the car window. The wheels cut off both her feet. Amputation of both legs will be necessary.

John Oiblin, a somnambulist, was seriously injured last night by falling from the second story window of his home, a distance of thirty feet. He arose from his bed, walked across a hall into an adjoining room, raised a window and then stepped out.

He was badly injured internally, and also sustained a fracture of the leg. His cries for help attracted several people, who carried him into the house. Although a frequent walker, this is the first injury he ever sustained.

Columbia, S. C., May 6.—As the engine of a passenger train turned a sharp curve a mile from Edgefield this evening, the engineer saw, fifty feet ahead, two children in the middle of the track, one of them asleep. He was helpless to check his train. When it stopped the crushed body of James Blocker, 10 years old, was found by the side of the track. The other child cannot be found. All the engineer knows is that the engine passed over it.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Washington Letter.

Washington, May 8th, 1897.—Killed by an overdose of tariff," may be the epitaph on the tomb of the Republican party, if the tariff bill which was this week reported to the senate is not radically changed in many of the schedules. It has started a fight among the Republicans that may result in killing the tariff bill as well as the Republican party, although, of course, the chances are that the differences will be patched up in some way and a bill of some sort put through at this session of congress That the fight is now raging is shown by the open threats of the New England senators to stay in Washington all summer rather than see the duty on hides, which the senate finance committee has put in the bill, remain in the bill, and these senators are already trying to get Democratic senators to promise to vote with them to strike out the duty on hides when the bill is voted upon by sessions in the senate, The western senators who forced the duty on hides into the bill, have informed the New England senators that they were not going to stand idly by and see that duty on hides struck out of the bill, when they could get even by combinating with the Democrats and adopting an amendment providing for a horizontal reduction in all cotton, woolen and steel manufactures. Representative Grosvenor, of Ohio, says of the new bill, for that is; "So far as relates to the wool schedule, the bill is unsatisfactory, and cannot be passed. I do not believe it can pass the house The sugar schedule will be very gratifying to the American Sugar Refining Co, and unsatisfactary to the best sugar producers in the country. The New England manufacturers are fully provided for. The bill will probably not reach the house in the form reported to the senate, and if it should it would meet with very strong opposition. The duty on tea will be very unpopular." Those Republicans representing districts having large brewing interests are much worked up over the increase of 44 cents a barrel in the tax on beer and will fight it.

Senator Jones, of Ark, who is regarded as a tariff expert as well as one of the most caretul political observers of the time, said of the present situation: "This tariff bill means the disruption of the Republican party. The taxes imposed by it wil be resented by the people. New England will certainly go Democratic on the question of a duty on hides, but the lesson that will be taught by this one item might be applied to every other section of the country. The next house of representatives will be Democratic by a very large majority." Senator Jones, in reply to a question, said he thought the debate on the tariff bill, which is to begin on the 18th inst, would last until about the first of July.

It is the general disposition in congress to regard the trip to Europe upon which Senator Wolcott, ex Vice President Stevenson, and General Paine will start this week, with credentials authorizing them to negotiate with Eupopean governments in behalf of international bimetallism, as nothing more than a pleasant summer junket for those three gentlemen. There are not a dozen men in congress who seriously think international bimetallism more than a dream, concocted to stave off an independant settlement of the financial question by this country.

In place of the retroactive tariff in the Dingley tariff bill the Republicans of the senate committee have inserted a clause making July 1st the date upon which the new duties will go into effect, and unless all the congressional prophets are away off the date will be changed again.

The fact was made very plain by the assignments of Republicans to the committee vacancies made by the Republican caucus that Boss Hanna isn't the whole thing in the senate whatever he may have been in the campaign or may be with the administration. He didn't even get a chairmanship. The only other Republicans left without chairmanships are Penrose, of Pennsylvania, and Deboe of Ken ucky, who took his seat this week. Boss Platt also got turned down by the Republicans. He wanted a place on the finance, and is doing a lot of kicking because he didn't get it.

The senate rejected the arbitration treaty this week by a vote, of 43 to 26. Everybody is glad it is out of the way. The senate also passed the free homestead bill.

instead of increasing the issue of pie, Mr. McKinley is curtailing it, much to the disgust of the hungry horde. He is keeping it back because he thinks it will be needed to get the tariff bill through, and for the same reason he has not made the modification in the civil service rules that he has decided to make.

M.

Suicide to Avoid Arrest.

Kansas City, Mo., May 10.—Major Henry McNamara, a veteran of the Fenian army that invaded Canada in 1866 and again in 1870, and who was later prominent in the Invincibles, the Cianna-Gael and kindred Irish societies, killed himself Saturday night rather than suffer the disgrace of being sued for $20 debt. An acquaintenance who had loaned him money threatened arrest if it were not paid. McNamara had been unable to secure work and could not meet the demand McNamara was 56 years of age and a member of G. A. R., having served with distinction throughout the war. He was a newspaper writer.

To Protect American Interests.

Washington, May 10.—The interests of United States citizens at Puerto Cortez, the seat of the revolution now in progress in Honduras, will be looked after by the United States cruiser Marblehead. The vessel is now on her way there from from Key West, orders having been given her comander late Saturday afternoon to proceed at once. Nicaragua and Salvador, it is believed already have dispatched troops to the scene of the trouble, but as the journey is a difficult one it is probable they have not yet arrived.

A Welcome Usher of '97.

The beginning of the new year will have a welcome usher in the shape of a fresh Almanac, descriptive of the origin, nature and uses of the national tonic and alternative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Combined with the descriptive matter will be found calendar and astronomical calculations absolutely reliable for correctness, statistics, illustrations, verses carefully selected, and other mental food highly profitable and entertaining. On this pamphlet, published and printed annually by The Hostetter Company, of Pittsburg, 60 hands are employed in the mechanical department alone Eleven months are devoted to its preparation. It is procurable free, of druggists and country dealers everywhere, and is printed in English, German, French, Spanish, Welsh, Norwegian, Holland Swedish and Bohemian.

THE POSTAL CONGRESS.

A Scheme Being Urged For an International Postal Telegraph.

KOREA WILL JOIN THE UNION.

Minister From That Country Makes Formal Announcement—Now Doubtful Whether China Will Enter—The Orange Free State Has Not Reported.

Washington, May 11.—There were two significant features of yesterday's developments of the universal postal congress. The first was the positive announcement from the Korean minister here, Mr. Chin Pom Ye, that the little kingdom would join the union, and the second a decision that was reached after a long discussion to reduce rates of international postal orders on a sliding scale basis after reaching a certain amount. This matter does not affect the United States. The action will not affect postal orders for less than 100 francs, or $20, but will cheapen the cost of all issued for more than that sum.

A scheme is being urged, and may be submitted at this congress for report at the next, providing for international telegraphic service at the postoffices of some of the leading cities of the various countries. This already is in operation at some places abroad, but its advocates want its operation made general.

The Korean minister's announcement puts an end to doubt that has been expressed as to Korea's intention of entering, the minister stating explicitly that his country would join. Ex-Governor Hoyr, counsel for Korea, is attending the meetings and advising the Korean delegation, and added today that of course that country would reserve the right to refuse adhesion unless the proceedings of the congress are entirely satisfactory.

Despite positive announcements from Pekin some months ago, there is some doubt now as to China's joining the union, though its delegates are in attendance, but without a vote. Orange Free State, also, has not been heard from. The delegations from Bulgaria and Roumania made a proposition for the adoption of the franc basis for all postal orders, and many of the Latin countries supported this. France, Greece, Belgium, Italy and Spain were among them.

England and Germany and other countries opposed this at some length, and finally France announced that that country would not insist upon the proposition, as it recognized it might be inconvenient, though recognizing the compliment to its monetary system. It was the general sentiment that the present scheme, the basis of payment being in each case that of the standard of the issuing country, should be continued.

Walled Up Alive as "Martyrs."

London, May 11.—According to a dispatch to The Daily News from St. Petersburg a terrible crime, the result of superstition, has been committed at Tirespol, in the government of Kherson, where are a number of hermitages inhabited by sectarians. Recently 17 of the hermits disappeared, and it was believed that they had emigrated in fear of the impending day of judgment. But a hermit named Kowalind has confessed that he walled them up alive in response to their earnest entreaties that they might receive the martyr's crown. The police examined the spot and verified the confession.

Was Lavish In Promises.

New York, May 11.—The offices of W. E. Forrest, who conducted an alleged "discretionary pool" concern, were closed for business yesterday, and their owner is nowhere to be found. Forrest, who is described as a physician, has not been visible, so his clients claim, since Friday last, and some of them are much worried thereat. A circular which the concern is said to have sent out broadcast a few weeks ago gives an insight into their way of doing business. It declared, among other things, that "cash dividends of more than 150 per cent had been paid clients during the past nine months."

Peculiar Double Fatality.

Chicago, May 11.—A peculiar double fatality occurred before hundreds of spectators in Lincoln Park. While boating on Lake Michigan Matthew Roche and his 10-year-old nephew, Harry Flynn, attempted to exchange seats. The boat was overturned and the boy drowned, although Roche twice succeeded in pulling the little fellow on top of the capsized craft. While this was going on Albert Mattarl, who was in the crowd at the water's edge, suddenly pitched forward on his face dead. His death is ascribed to excitement caused by watching the struggles of the drowning boy.

Preached In Public Without Permit.

Washington, May 11.—The supreme court yesterday sustained the decisions of the Massachusetts courts which punished an itinerant preacher, William F. Davis, for preaching on Boston Common without a permit from the mayor. Davis claimed that the ordinance giving the mayor control over the common and forbidding any public address there without his permission was in conflict with the 14th amendment of the constitution. Justice White, who delivered the opinion, said that the 14th amendment did not destroy the power of the states to enact police regulations.

How Uncle Sam Is "Worked."

Alva, O. T., May 11.—Inspector Taylor, of the department of justice, who has been present during the past week inspecting court affairs and investigating charges against Deputy United States marshals, has left for Washington to make his report. It will expose the practice of going out and dragging in scores of farmers on trivial timber cutting charges in order to bleed the government for fees, in many cases the prisoners, when innocent, being induced to plead guilty on promises of release at once, the deputies to pay the fines themselves out of the fees.

Punctures the Theory.

The opposition of the protected interests of Massachusetts to a duty on hides looks like an abandonment of the favorite protectionist theory that "the foreigner pays the tax."

The tin plate makers wish to boom their business by increasing the duty on imported tin plate, to the injury of the canning industry and other industries that flourish by reason of cheap tin plate. Another blow is struck at business by abolishing the rebate on exported tin cans. Now canned goods exported in cans made of imported tin are allowed a drawback of the duty paid, and thus an export business has been built up in canned fruits, oysters, vegetables, petroleum, etc. Over 4,000,000 tin cans are sent abroad annually, containing oil which competes with that of Russia. When Russia can buy tin plate at $2.70 a box, while we have to pay $3.50 for it, it is evident that our competition will be rendered difficult. Mr. Dingley robs Peter to pay Paul.—Baltimore Sun.

B. & B.

The Spring Buying Time

New things to wear—may we help you to plan for them—we think we can, to your advantage in goods; to your pocketbook's in prices. We've more and choicer goods than in any former season—they're being sold in such a way as is making this a remarkable value-giving and value-getting epoch in the history of the store and the thousands who buy here.

Let us know your Dry Goods wants, no matter what they may be. If any piece Goods are wanted, Silks, Suitings, Wash Goods, we'll send samples.

If any other Goods, Suits, Skirts, Children's Garments, Boys' Clothing, Kace Curtains, we'll write you about them understandingly. If you haven't yet received the catalogue, we'll send you a copy. Makes no difference where you live, we'll put you in such complete communication with this store a will enable you to select easily and well, and then buy in a way that will pay you.

20c ZEPHYR GINGHAMS

12½c

—all neat colorings—strides, checks, important offerings of the year—splendid styles for shirt waists and children's dresses.

LARGE LOT NEW WASH GOODS,

8, 10, 12½, 15c—pretty effects, 32 inch irregular check mixtures—20c—all wool—tans, browns, greys—nice for bicycle suits or general wear.

Great offerings in new Dress Goods at 25c, 35c, 50c to $3 50, write for samples now.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 1y.

Administrator's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned administrator of Michael Gursier, late of the borough of Summerhill, Cambria county, Pa.,

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, will expose to public sale on the premises in Summerhill borough, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 5TH, 1897,

AT ONE O'CLOCK, P. M.

the following described real estate to-wit:

All that certain Lot of Ground beginning at a post on alley, then along said alley 22½ degrees, West 150 feet to a post on street; then along said street South 68 degrees, West 175 feet to a post, on line of Brown, Stineman and Griffith's heirs; then along line of said land South 22 degrees, East 132 feet to a post on line of P. R. R. then along said line North 69 degrees, East 175 feet to beginning, having thereon erected a

ONE AND ONE-HALF STORY

FRAME HOUSE,

containing six rooms and a one story kitchen, 12 x 14 feet, also a grain stable 16x18 feet. The lot of ground has fruit, shade and ornamental trees growing thereon and is well located for residence.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of bid CASH when the property is struck down; the balance of one-third in six months and one third in one year. Deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale and and to be secured by on the real estate.

JOHN T. LONG,
Administrator.

J. F. McKENRICK,
Attorney.

Summerhill, Pa., May 14, 1897, 4t.

Orphan's Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of the powers contained in the Last Will and testament of Joseph S. Horkey, deceased, late of the township of Carroll, in Cambria county, Pa. I will expose to public sale at at the Central Hotel, in Carrolltown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, MAY 22ND, 1897,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Carroll township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by lands of John Flick, and Henry Hopple, and also by the public road leading from Ebensburg to Carrolltown containing ONE ACRE more or less, having thereon erected A LARGE

TWO STORY

FRAME HOUSE

and stable and outbuildings, all in good repair. There is an orchard of good fruit trees, and a fine well of water on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, the balance of one-third when deed is delivered, one third in six months and the remaining one-third in nine months with interest. Deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANDREW STRITTMATTER,
Executor.

Carrolltown, Pa., March 17th, 1897.
April 23, '97 3t.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

We the undersigned citizens of Allegheny and Clearfield townships, hereby give notice to the public not to trespass on our lands. Any one found trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

(Signed) John Sutton, H. S Stroup, T. C. Miller, James T. Sutton Jos. J. Weber H. G. Conrad, Edward Ivory, Joseph A. Krise, Nath. H. Wells, John McDermitt, Joseph Sutton, August Shellhaer, Theodore Storm, Alex. Ivory, John Geak, Jacob Eckenrode, Philip A Gray, Geo. M. Sanker, D. M. Kratzer, Henry J. Conrad, William Morgan, Geo. P. Krug, Robert Johnston, John E. Mansfield, Francis H. Boyd, James H. Maloney, John Rabus, Geo. Seymore, Robert Tomlinson, Mrs. Albert Rhos, G. B. Moyers, Josephine Huffman, Frank Feicht, Dr. W. H. Summerville, Simon P. McMullen and John McCoy.

May 1, 1897 1 yr

TRESPASS NOTICE.

Hunting and fishing and all manner of trespassing without permission, strictly forbidden on the premises of the undersigned after date of this notice. Any person violating this notice will be dealt with according to law.

(Signed) Joseph A. Noel, Joseph Baker, Wertner, William Dishart, Charles Luther, Augustin Hott and John Gatriel.

White township, May 7th, 1897, 3t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Ryan, deceased.

Letters testamentary in the estate of David Ryan, deceased, late of the township of Clearfield, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

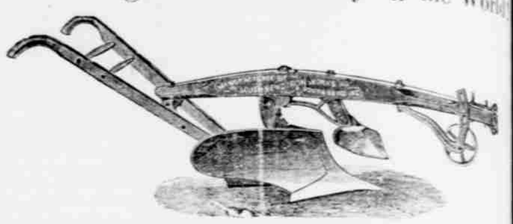
S. A. RYAN,
Executor.

St Augustine, Pa., April 30, 1897. 6t. X.

Oliver Gave to the World the Chilled Plow

THE OLIVER CHILLED PLOW WORKS
ORIGINATED THE CHILLED PLOW INDUSTRY.

It is the Largest Plow Factory in the World

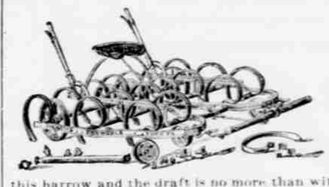


THE

GENUINE OLIVER CHILLED PLOW

and Repairs Are the Best on the Face of the Globe.

They stand first and foremost for excellence, durability and superior finish. Beware of imitations. The name OLIVER is on all wearing parts.



HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

Latest Improved Riding or Walking

Lever Spring Tooth Harrow on Wheels

The Harrow has been thoroughly tested on rough and rocky, and on soft and low land and the draft is lessened to one-half a horse less than on the old spring tooth harrow, or in other words a man weighing 150 pounds can ride on this harrow and the draft is no more than with a common float spring tooth harrow. Inches can be worn off the teeth by the use of the lever and the rachets. The wear can be removed in a second.

BUGGIES, WAGONS, HARNESS AND BICYCLES.

N. B. SWANK,

326 COR. MAIN & BEDFORD STS.
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

3 19 95

The WEDDING CEREMONY

is by far the most important event of your life, but it is soon over and it wi l take something more substantial to remind you of it ever after.

This is the Wedding Ring of which I have a good stock on hand to select from as a first step. After that you can cement your happiness of married life by adding from time to time a nice Scarf Ring or any other nice piece of Jewelry you may think of. My stock is always complete in everything in that line from a Silver Thumble to a Diamond Ring. You are invited to call and examine my stock.

CARL RIVINIUS.

EBENSBURG

Granite and Marble Works.

J. WILKINSON & SON,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

The Highest Grades of Cemetery Work

From the Best Marble and Granite produced. We are prepared to execute any class of work including the largest and most elaborate monumental memorials and our reputation earned by years of careful consideration of our customers' wants should entitle us to your potronage. All correspondence will be answered promptly and all work guaranteed as represented. Particular attention given to the setting of work. We are also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence for Cemetery, Public and Private Buildings.

When You Visit

ALTOONA

CALL AT

JOHN McCONNELL'S CLOTHING STORE,

1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE,

where you will find the largest, finest and best selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods to be found in the city.

Cambria County people who have been dealing with us in the past will find the same reliable goods that we have always been selling and at the lowest prices to be found in the city.

JOHN M'CONNELL

1300 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa.

There's Pleasure

And satisfaction in a good cooking appliance, one that is a good baker and a perfect roaster.

CINDERELLA STOVES & RANGES

Are made in all styles and sizes, with a view of meeting every want of the housekeeper at moderate cost. They have all the latest improvements, and are made of the best material, and by the best workmen. They have many good points not found in other stoves.

We simply claim for the CINDERELLA what we can prove—no more. Judge for yourself.

Your money back if not satisfied.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick. HASTINGS—I. L. Binder. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. CRESSON—Cresson Supply Store.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,
Formerly of Carrolltown.

5.9531

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY - - - - - MAY 14, 1897.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Two more boats will be added to the Johnstown regatta this summer.

—T. N. Nagle, of Patton, spent a few hours in town on Wednesday.

—Patrick Bradley, of Summit, was in Ebensburg on Thursday.

—W. James Mellon, of Patton, was a visitor in Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—The projectoscope at the opera house Wednesday evening, May 19th.

—Judge Thomas, of Carroll township, was in town on Monday.

—Joseph Beaver, of Carroll township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—Joseph C. Noel of Clearfield town- was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—John Farron, an old and respected citizen of Munster township, died on last morning.

—Monday M. G. Rhody was appointed assessor at Asheville to succeed Hamlin, resigned.

—Mr. McCormick, of this place, left Johnstown on Tuesday afternoon where he will work in the future.

—Miss Ada McDonald, of this place, returned home Saturday evening after spending the winter in Baltimore.

—The First Congregational church, of Johnstown, will celebrate its Centennial anniversary beginning Sunday, June 20th and closing one week.

—Messrs. A. G. Owens, Andrew Muhr, both and Alderman E. E. O'Neill, all of Johnstown, were in Ebensburg on Monday.

—A Hungarian miner at work in the Maple Creek mines was struck on the head by a stone on Thursday of last week and his skull slightly fractured.

—It has been determined that the second regiment of Pennsylvania National Guard will go into camp at Conneaut Lake this year, which is from the 12th to the 24th of July.

—Mr. Ackerman, of Johnstown, who came here to look for work, fell under a train at Reading, Pa., and sustained injuries that necessitated the amputation of his left leg.

—The moving picture machines are the popular entertainers everywhere they go. The projectoscope at the opera house Wednesday evening, May 19th is one of these machines.

—Robert Foster, an aged lady, of Johnstown, was struck by an electric car there on Saturday afternoon and injured. Two of her ribs and her left collar were fractured.

—Owing to the light freight traffic, an order was issued reducing the working force of the West Penn railroad all along the line. As a result a number of employes were laid off indefinitely.

—E. M. Bowman, formerly of this county but of Braddock, will go with a party of Pennsylvanians in July to Galveston to attend the National Christian Endeavor convention at San Francisco.

—The exhibition of the projectoscope entertainment on Wednesday evening, May 19th, under the auspices of the Presbyterian church, will be held in the Sunday school room building instead of the opera house.

—Samuel Robinson, who lives near Nanty Glo, had her seven children in a house and went to visit a neighbor. In her absence the house burned down and all of the children were burned to death.

—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Horn, of Johnstown, aged three months, died at the home of the parents in that city on Tuesday. The deceased is a grandchild of Ex-Sheriff John A. Blair, of this place.

—The Altoona Journal says that J. S. Richards, of Bower, have just contracted with the Curwensville Lumber Company for cutting 10,000,000 feet of timber in Greenwood township during the year.

—Messrs. J. B. Wilbur & Son, the well-known merchants of this place, have a half column advertisement in the issue of the FREEMAN to which the attention of our readers is directed for attractive bargains to buyers. Read it.

—The watermelon eating contest, the baby show, the base ball match and the horse races are some of the very interesting features to be shown by the projectoscope at the opera house, Wednesday evening, May 19th.

—Mrs. Mary Fiesher, aged 75 years, died at the Blair county almshouse during the mangler machine in the laundry of that institution on Monday morning. The fingers of her right hand were caught in the machine. Before help arrived her arm to the elbow had been horribly mangled and burned. Amputation was necessary, and, in view of the extreme age of the patient, it becomes a very serious matter.

—Friday evening fire destroyed the large saw mill of the Lyon Lumber company, of Williamsport. The burned mill was situated on Muncy creek, between Picture Locks and Tivoli. By hard work the men kept the fire confined to the mill. Loss about $1,000, covered by insurance.

—The Pennsylvania railroad directors Saturday declared a two and one-half per cent. semi annual dividend payable on and after May 31st. This means the distribution of about $3,222,333 among about 9,000 shareholders. About fifty-five per cent. of te stock is held abroad and the rest here—largely in Pennsylvania.

—W. N. Bolsinger has an ad. in this issue of the FREEMAN calling attention to the fact that the repairing of bicycles will be promptly attended to at his shop on Julian street, at short notice. He keeps all the necessary pieces and tools to do the work and when in need of any repairs to your bicycle, give him a call.

—Jeweler A. W. Luckhardt, of Johnstown, has made an assignment in favor of creditors. Luckhardt's was one of the best and largest stores of the kind in the state. The stock carried at times amounted to from $75,000 to $100,000. He has been unfortunate in giving security for other business people, who left him in the lurch. The amount of his liabilities is about $22,000.

—Mrs. Martha, wife of John Delozier, of Elder township, died at her home in that township on Saturday, May 8th, 1897, after an illness for nearly a year, aged about 30 years. The deceased was a daughter of Mr. Archibald Kirkpartirk, of the same township. Her remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Hastings on Tuesday.

—The grounds for the employes of Coulter & Huff, at Greensburg, who have been given free potato patches have been ploughed and harrowed and will be planted next week. Most of the employes accepted the ground cheerfully. A few of the men showed no inclination to accept the offer. The generous employers also assist their men with free seed as far as possible. To furnish all their men grounds for potatoes will require several hundred acres of lands.

—The Port Royal *Times* says: Last week this town was canvassed by a stranger for the purpose of getting pupils to form a class in teaching the art of painting on Chinaware. He secured quite a number of scholars, and after receiving half the tuition fee in advance took his departure for other "green" fields and pastures new, carrying with him about $25 of his victims' money.

—George Vorhauer, a driver for the branch of the Atlantic Refining company at Johnstown, while waiting for a shifting engine to clear the way over a crossing on Friday, drove his team directly in front of it, and he and his team were crushed into an almost shapeless mass between the car and the brick building of Armour & Company. Vorhauer leaves a wife and six small children.

—The *Gosling* is "not ready to endorse the resolutions crammed through the Board of Health by Messrs. Shoemaker and Englehart just yet." It ignores the fact that Drs. Davison and Jones and Mr. Samuel Ludwig are members of the board and were present at the meeting at which the resolution was adopted. It would certainly take a majority to cram a resolution through if any cramming was necessary.

—The Hastings *Tribune* says that Mr. J. Bearer of Susquehanna towhship, while planting potatoes one day recently, found a gold watch and chain which had been lost by Mr. Ed. Shortencarrier, while plowing, four years ago. Mr. Shortencarrier had only carried the watch a few days, and after losing it had probably plowed it down. When found it was perfectly bright and apparently none the worse for its strange experience.

—Early Thursday morning of last week while C. M. Cole, son of Postmaster Cole, of Saltsburg, was driving from that place to DuBois, he fell asleep and permitted the horses to take their own time. Suddenly the young man was awakened by a man who held a revolver in front of his face, while another man was holding the horses. Young Cole was then robbed by one of the men. His pockets were emptied of $114 in money, a watch and a revolver.

—There is trouble among the Pennsylvania railroad track foremen. Recently, in conforming to the general rule for reducing expenses, orders were issued that each track foreman should dispense with one man and take up the pick and shovel himself. All along the line a vigorous kick has been recorded and a circular letter has been sent to the general manager, signed by nearly every foreman, protesting against the order.

—The examining committee of the Cambria County Bar association, consisting of W. Horace Rose, F. A. Shoemaker, Alvin Evans and F. J. O'Connor, Esqr's., met at Johnstown on Tuesday, when the following named students passed their final examination: Charles C. Linton, John H. Stephens and Harry Doerr, all of Johnstown. Messrs. F. D. Barker, E. H. Davis, and James T. Jones, all of Ebensburg, and Selah Linton, of Johnstown, passed their preliminary examination.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Fultz, whose serious illness we mentioned last week, died at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. William Garman, in this place, on Thursday night, May 6th, 1897, aged 76 years. The deceased was a resident of Susquehanna township, but during her illness was removed to the home of her daughter, in this place. Her funeral took place on Sunday, the interment being made at East Ridge cemetery, near her old home, where the remains of her husband, Elisha Fultz, repose.

—The Phoenix Telephone company is spreading out its lines all over this portion of the state and by May 15th, will have made connections with Somerset, Ebensburg, Johnstown and all intermediate points. The company has also all the poles erected for connection with Pittsburg, and inside two months, will be operating its own long distance line to that point. The company has its affairs in fine shape, and does not mean to stop with those distant connections, but will soon have its wires all over the state.—*Altoona Tribune.*

—Mrs. Rachel Brogan died Saturday at the residence of her brother, D. A. Vaught, Gallitzin, of a complication of diseases. Deceased was 39 years old, and is survived by one daughter, May, and these brothers: Frank J. Vaught, of Altoona; D. A., of Gallitzin, Simon, of Loretto, and Joseph M., of Johnstown. She was a member of St. Patrick's Catholic church, of Gallitzin, where Requiem mass was celebrated Tuesday morning and the remains were taken to Altoona for interment in St. John's cemetery.

—A Hollidaysburg dispatch, of Saturday, says excitement was stirred up among the unfortunate Gardner Morrow & Co., bank depositors to-day by a public statement made by T. J. Baldridge, the attorney for the heirs of the late Judge James Gardner, the founder of the bank. Mr. Baldridge stated that Rev. Paul Gardner, the pastor of the Presbyterian church, at Sewickley, Pa., had declined to participate in the technical defense set up in court by the heirs and was content that the many impoverished depositors should have his share of the estate. The estimated worth of the Gardner estate is $200,000 and the share of Rev. Mr. Gardner is one-third.

—An authority says it is important that cows be regularly salted, at least twice a week. If they have salt before them all the time they will not eat more than is good for them. This regularly salting not only increases milk yield, but also makes it of better quality. Where cows are salted regularly their milk will keep sweet twenty-four hours longer than will milk from cows that have suffered for lack of salt.

—Fierce forest fires were raging all day Sunday on the Allegheny mountain near Wopsononock summer resort. At one time while high winds were raging the hotel was in immediate danger. The thunder shower on Sunday evening was the means of subduing the flames and bringing them under control. A large number of men were fighting the fire and although considerable valuable timber was lost, the flames are now under control.

—By a resolution of the Board of Health, published it this issue, that body commends the work recently done by order of council at the borough dam. The dam is now in fine condition and the people of Ebensburg can count on having their water supply come to them nearly as pure as when it left the springs. Captain Thomas Davis, the councilman who superintended the work without pay, deserves and receives the thanks of every fair-minded citizen of the town.

—Wheat flies are said to be ruining the crop in the neighborhood of Markle, Westmoreland county. The pest is at work on the stalks which are new about a foot in height, and the prospect looks a little dubious. Henry Spiker is one of the sufferers. He says the fly acts on the stalk, stinging and forming a joint. This interferes with the free action of the sap. When the head begins to fill out it breaks off or withers. Last year the wheat crop was practically a failure in the same neighborhood.

—A sensation was caused at Ninevah on Sunday morning. While the family of J. J. Rogers were at breakfast they heard entrancing music which they could not at first locate. Finally they discovered that the music came from their piano in the parlor. They went to the parlor and the instrument continued to play, though not a person was in sight. After finishing one tune it struck up another, frightening the ladies badly. This is vouched for by Mr. Rogers and family, who are very reputable people. They are fearful that it forbodes some evil.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, May 13, 1897:

Frank Vasbulder and Viola King, Patton.

Henry F. Anna and Mary T. Campbell, Hastings.

George Murphy and Mary A. Lehman, Adams township.

William J. Hogue and Mary Frances Ivory, Loretto.

Elias Miller and Ellen Lape, Geistown.

John Wade Ross and Clara Bell Shaffer, Johnstown.

Joseph Manthe, Johnstown, and Ella J. Hipp, Dalsytown.

Dominic Rigo and Mary Capazella, Hastings.

Joseph Burley and Gertrude Wassar, Carroll township.

Charles Evrard, Hastings, and Philomena Mertins, Carroll township.

Jacob Kehn, South Fork and Annie R. Schrift, New Germany.

Oil Wells in Centre County.

An Associated Press dispatch from Bellefonte says: A big oil excitement has been created in Milesburg, three miles west of Bellefonte, and drilling will be begun in the Bald Eagle valley. About 25 years ago a company drilled a well on David Carr's farm. At the depth of 2,000 feet oil was struck, but the next day the tools stuck fast in the well and as the company had reached the end of its finances operations were suspended. A few weeks ago a practical oil man looked over the ground in the vicinity of Milesburg. He thinks oil can be found in good paying quantities at a reasonable depth. He offered to put down a well at his own expense if a company would be organized and the lease of 25,000 acres of the land secured, the owner of the land to receive one-eighth of all the money accruing from the sale of oil. A company is being organized and leases secured.

Housekeeping.

A knowlege of the art of housekeeping is necessary to every woman, and it is never too early to begin to acquire it. When there are two or three girls in the family, it is an excellent plan to allow each one in turn to assume the responsibility of housekeeping for a certain time. It does not hurt the girls to take a measure of responsibility concerning household tasks, for otherwise it does them a world of good and lifts much of the burden from an overworked mother's shoulders. Let them in succession have, a week at a time, charge of the chamberwork, the mending, the cooking, the buying, even for the family, all, of course, under proper supervision, and their faculties of reason, perception, judgment, discrimination and continuity will be more developed in one month of such training than six months of common schooling.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

A Wonderful Invention.

The most wonderful of the great Edison's many inventions is the marvelous projectoscope, a machine that produces on a screen, pictures of different scenes in which the characters more exactly appear as in real life. In one the Black Diamond express dashes up the track in so realistic a manner that one almost expects to see it clash off the screen into the audience; the surf at Atlantic City break against the pier, the spray leaping into the air and the waves receding in the most natural way. Nearly a score of views are shown, all of them most interesting and many very amusing. The projectoscope will be shown at the Ebensburg opera house on Wednesday evening, May 19th, under the auspices of the Presbyterian church. Reserved seats are on sale at James' drug store. Tickets 25 and 35 cents.

Thieves About.

Sometime on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning some sneak thief entered the house of Ex-Commissioner J. G. Lloyd, of this place, through a kitchen window and carried off four dozen of eggs, a loaf of bread and an umbrella. As it was a rainy night the umbrella was taken, it is supposed, as a precaution against the inclemency of the weather. The same night Stephens' planing mill was visited, the office broken into and a pair of pantaloons, a pair of shoes and a hatchet taken. An attempt was made to enter the railroad station through a window but the midnight prowlers were probably frightened away as they left without disturbing any thing.

The Borough Dam.

The Board of Health having made a thorough examination of the work done at the borough dam, on Friday, May 7, 1896, unanimously adopted the following resolutions at a meeting held Monday evening, May 10, 1897.

Resolved: That the improvements made at the borough dam by the council will insure a plentiful supply of good pure water, and are entirely satisfactory to the Board of Health, and that Thomas Davis deserves the thanks of every citizen of Ebensburg for the efficient manner in which the work has been done.

Resolved: That the foregoing resolution be published in our local papers.

H. A. ENGLEHART,
May 11, 1897. Secretary.

Real Estate Transfers.

Christopher J. Bantley et ux. to Edward J. Berwind, Richland; consideration, $1,682.

Assignee of James A. Kirkpatrick et ux. to Hastings Building & Loan association, Hastings, $5.

Bridget T. Hartman et vir to Jacob S. Edelmann, Johnstown, $400.

James P. Kirkpatrick et al. to Cambria county Railroad company, $700.

Samuel Pleasants et ux. to Richard Dowling, Allegheny, $1,025.

William C. Kaylor, by the sheriff, to John Bannan, Allegheny, $237.

A. J. Moxam et ux. to Fritz Warshemsky, Richland, $40.

Andrew Eckenrode et ux. to Adam Fees, Carrolltown, $1,200.

Susan Kelly et vir to E. C. Dillon, Reade, $600.

Joseph Meloy et ux. to Michael Hupf, Roxbury, $300.

George F. Mitchell et ux. to Emil Justinus, Dale, $1,050.

William A. P. Wilson, trustee, to Josiah Miller, Upper Yoder, $807.

Henry Clark et ux. to Cathorine Diffenbach, Conemaugh township, $700.

Michael Thomas et ux. to Sarah A. Thomas, Elder, $50.

Margaret Thomas to E. S. Grambling, South Fork, $275.

Executor of Daniel Weaver to Daniel S. Custer, Richland, $20.

Daniel S. McAnulty et ux. to Sadie J. McMillen, Barnesboro, $50.

Harvey Livingston et ux. to Catharine M. Saylor, Roxbury, $300.

Conrad Wenderoth et ux. to Nicholas J Boyer, Wilmore, $600.

Charles Von Lunen et ux. to John S. Collins, Stonycreek, 350.

W. A. Crist et ux. to Daniel McGaughey, Chest, $500.

John W. Owens et ux. et al., to Teresa Ellen O'Hara, Munster, $1.

D. H. Sharp to Agatha Brown, Washington, $70.

Abel Lloyd et ux. to Ebensburg and Blacklick Railroad company, Cambria, $350.

J. B. Baum to Frank M. Baum, Susquehanna, $100.

Isaac O. Rowlands et ux. to Citizens' Loan & Building association, Johnstown, $1.

A Ten Day Excursion.

The last of the Pennsylvania Railroad company's Spring excursions to Washington will leave Pittsburg May 20, 1897.

Round-trip tickets, good within ten days, and permitting a stop-over in Baltimore in either direction within limit, will be sold at rates quoted below, good for use going on special train, or on Train No. 4, leaving Pittsburg at 8.10 P. M., returning on any regular train except the Pennsylvania Limited. Special train of parlor cars and day coaches will be run on the following schedule:

	Train leaves.	Rate.
Pittsburg	8 00	$9.00
Johnstown	10 15	7.35
Cresson	11.08	7.35
Altoona	11.40	7.35
Washington	Arrive 7.15	

Pullman sleeping cars will be run through on night train leaving Pittsburg at 8.10 P. M.

Should the number of passengers not be sufficient to warrant the running of a special train, the company reserves the the right to carry participants in this excursion on regular train.

Tickets on sale in Pittsburg, at Union Ticket office, 360 Fifth avenue, and Union station, and at stations mentioned above. For full information apply to agents or Thomas E. Watt, passenger agent western district, Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburg.

Away Off

An item is going the rounds taken from a correspondent of the Altoona *Times* in which the correspondent proceeds to tell the origin of the name of the town of Frugality, in this county. He says: "This writer was engaged in 1847 cutting timber and making rafts in that wild region for Holliday & Bingham. One day Mr. Holliday said to this individual that we will give the place a name. "Now," said Alec., "we are frugal people and we know 'the boys' are frugal, then why not name this place 'Frugality?'" We all thought that Alexander was very mean, but we consented, and the new place was named Frugality."

The fact of the matter is that the tract of land upon which Frugality stands was called "Frugality" in the original patent from the Commonwealth, in accordance with a custom prevailing of giving names to tracts of land, long before either the *Times* correspondent or Alec. Holliday had set foot in that wild region. If the correspondent of the *Times* and Alec. Holliday were there in 1848, which we do not doubt, they may have agreed "to make it unanimous" but the name had originated and got there long before either of them.

Sad Case of Neglect.

One of tde most shocking cases of neglect comes from Cherrytree, Indiana county. Charles King, an aged and dependent citizen of that place, is dying. For several months he has been suffering from dropsy and recently his left foot swelled to such immense proportions that it actnal'y burst the flesh. Decomposition followed and several of his toes have litterally rotted off. The poor overseers of the borough learned of his horrible condition only a few days ago and have now employed Dr. Ernest Erhard to look after the case. When the physician made an examination of the decomposed member he found squirming maggots in the foot eating the human flesh. Amputation of the member was considered the only chance of saving the old man's life, but his condition would not warrant such a measure. Death is certain and will soon come. He is being aided by the borough during his last days, and death alone will put an end to his horrible suffering.

The patient was married to Mrs. Tillie Sylvanus, a character who formerly resided in Indiana, a little over a year ago.

About the Chick.

Just about this season of the year when many of our readers are engaged in caring for their first brood of young chinkens, the following concerning the period of incubation may be of interest:

The development of a chick within the egg is one of the most wonderful things in nature. At the end of the fifty-eighth hour of incubation the heart begins to beat, two vesicles are seen and a few hours later the auricles also appear. On the fourth day the outlines of the wings may be perceived and sometimes of the head also; on the fifth day the liver is visible; on the sixth other internal organs appear. In 100 hours the beak is fully formed; in 200 hours the ribs are clearly developed; in 240 hours the feathers are visible; in 268 hours the eyes appear; in 288 the ribs are completed and the feathers on the breast; in 330 the lungs, stomach and breast have assumed natural appearance. On the eighteenth day the first faint piping of the chick is sometimes audible.

—The ticking of an ordinary clock in a room one mile away was distinctly heard through the application of a telephone transmitter invented by D. A Flemming, of the Indiana Normal school, in a test the other day. Flemming, who has been working on his transmitter since last fall, claims that changes in temperature cannot affect lines on which his invention is placed, and that the hollow and muffled sounds so common on the ordinary 'phones have been eliminated. He has applied for a patent.

Thowing It Away.

It's the same thing—if you pay too much money for the goods you buy—of course the money is thrown away. It's a quick and easy way to empty your purse, but is it business? Isn't it a better plan to save a little here and there on your purchases, leaving a reserve fund in your purse?

A strong feature of our business—and we insist upon it's being carried out to the letter—is that every item leaving our store must be of the right quality, and the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

Mid-May Attractions.

Every style right—every value of the best. Men's Linen Collars (the newest styles)—each 10 and 15 cents. Men's link cuffs, pair 25cents. String ties—the newest colorings—wash goods, each 5 to 25 cents. White lawn band bows 15 cents. Cuff holders, pair 15c. Suspenders—fine qualiey—an exceedingly good value, pair 15 to 50c. Best muslin dress shirts—fine linen bosom, all points strengthened—each 50c to $1 00. Unlaundered white shirts—special value—patent stay, each 65c. The newest Negligee shirts—worn with white collars—pretty patterns, each 50c. Men's Negligee shirts at 25c and up. Men's night shirts, each 50c. Men's Balbriggan underwear—extra value—per garment, 25c. Men's Black cotton hose—double heel, pair 10c.

IT IS CLOTHING ECONOMY

To buy your clothing from us. Every suit in our store—every price—bears us out in this assertion. Suits that are becoming—of fashionable materials—of proper styles—the absolutely "Worth-Your-Money" kind—they're at our store. Men's Suits at $2 00 and up. Boy's suits at 75c and up.

J. B. Wilbur & Son.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Destroyed by Fire.

Our store-buildingand its entire contents were totally destroyed by fire on Monday, May 3. This will explain the delay which may have occurred, in some cases, in filling mail orders.

We have secured new quarters, only three doors from former location, and shall be doing business as usual within ten days. Meanwhile, we are filling mail orders again with usual promptitude.

If your requests for samples were not attended to, it is because your letter was destroyed. As all records have been lost, we would ask our old mail-order customers to send us their names and addresses on a postal card, in order that our Special Announcements and other matter may reach them as usual.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that, having been appointed aubitor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, to distribute the fund in the hands of Michael Noon, executor of the Last Will and Testament of James Noon, deceased, as shown by his account, I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on MONDAY, MAY 24TH, 1897, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. H. MYERS,
May 7th, 1897. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Frank P. Moyer, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated to

JANE F. MOYER, administratrix.
THOMAS J. ITELL, Attorney. Cresson, Pa.
Johnstown, Pa., April 30 1897. 6t.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will be held on MONDAY MAY 24, A. D., 1897, at 8.30, P. M., at the office in RHEY building, for the purpose of electing officers and directors for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be necessary. LESTER LARIMER,
May 14, '97. 2t. Secretary.

Miscellaneous Notices.

WHY pay retail prices? LETTS will take your order for a First Class sewing machine, warranted TEN YEARS for $15.00

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Rey Building, Ebensburg, on the Fourth Monday in May, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Kobt. McElreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon. Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct15tf

WESTON'S COMPLETE : STORE, GALLITZIN, PA.

Offers in variety of stock, quality and prices, the greatest inducements for Cash or strictly fancy Produce to be found within 30 miles.

We Buy All Heavy Goods in Car-Lots.

DRY GOODS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
SHOES,
CLOTHING,
HATS,
FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
WALL PAPER,
FLOUR,
GRAIN,
FEED,
Salt,
FIELD SEEDS,
GROCERIES,

We have a large outlet for Fine Color, Worked Solid

FRESH BUTTER,

Fresh Clean Eggs, Choice Clean Vegetables, etc., etc.

We will not buy unclean eggs, or Butter that is soft and white, no matter how clean or fresh, as we cannot sell them, and we believe a fair understanding is only just to the persons who take care and expense to produce the best results. A poor horse does not bring the price of a good one, even if he sells at all. Why should produce? Occasionally markets will be overcrowded, even with good goods or produce. We handle

CHOICE STOCK

Whenever Possible.

This space will keep you in touch with our store by quoting prices and describing goods. **WE WANT YOUR TRADE. VISIT OUR STORE.** We can save you money on heavy goods and give you very low prices all through this great store.

W. H. WESTON, - - - - - GALLITZIN, PA.

H. A. SHOEMAKER,

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Fur Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

DENTISTRY!

Don't you know that you can have those decayed and offensive teeth restored to a healthy condition at a

Very Moderate Cost?

Don't you know that I can do your dental work a great deal cheaper than you can yet it done elsewhere?

Don't you know that it is a very dangerous thing to take Chloroform, Ether or Laughing Gas?

If you don't know, come to my office and I will demonstrate to you the truth of the above.

Odontunder!

This is the only safe anaesthetic known to-day to the dental profession. I have the exclusive right of Ebensburg. Teeth extracted positively without pain.

Teeth filled with gold, $1 and up.
Teeth filled with alloy, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth filled with Silver, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth cleaned, 25 cents and 50 cents.
Teeth extracted, 25 cents.
GOLD CROWNS AS LOW AS $5.00.

Gold Filling, Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty

Feeling confident that both prices and work will prove satisfactory, I solicit your patronage.

Dr. Richards,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Julian St., Ebensburg.
May 7, 1897.

Bicycle Surgery

Warranted cures for all cases. Full line of medicines always on hand. Agent for Health Restoring Crescent wheel.

W. N. BOLSINGER,
Julin Street,
Ebensburg, - - - Penna.
May 14 '97. 4m

Special Notice to Everybody.

To inform all the readers of this paper and the public in general that we have opened out a large new line of goods in our New Store room, Corner High and Centre streets. Our first floor is devoted to Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Shoes and all such articles needful in everyday life. On the second floor we have a large room for Carpets, oil cloths, window shades, trunks and goods of that description, our rooms are all well lighted so you can see what you are buying, and we invite you to make an inspection of our rooms as well as our goods, we want you to come and see us whether you want to buy or not. We shall take pleasure in showing you through the building, and show you what we thhink is one of the most complete buildings in the county. Everybody is invited and all will be made welcome.

Barker Bros.

Spring Announcement!

We can now show you the best assortment of Fine Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that will surprise you. Men's all-wool Suits from $5 up. Children's all-wool Suits from $1 to $5. No matter whether you are lean or fat, short or tall, we can fit you Our increasing business compelled us to enlarge our room and we have also increased our stock. We can now show you a much larger assortment of fine goods than ever before. Our this season's Clothing has been made especially for us and is equal to any merchant tailor's make. Our Gents' Furnishing Stock was never so complete. We also carry the best line of Shoes in Cambria county. A visit to our store will convince you that the best place in the county to buy well-made, nice fitting Clothing, Gents' Furnishings and Shoes is with us.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to a lawyer.
If you fall ill you have a Doctor to tell you wha to take.

It is their Experience and Skill You Pay For.

Then why make an exception in the purchase of your Drugs? If you have a family recipe or a prescription to fill, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Drugs, Patent Medicines, or anything to purchase that a store devoted to Drugs may keep. Isn't it folly to confound quality with quantity and get an inferior article.

WE HAVE THE BEST.

DAVISON'S - DRUG - STORE

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg Post at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

AGENTS WANTED by the old reliable firm of large credit, salary, SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Gen. Mfg. Co., 349 Broadway, N. Y.

THE GREEKS WILL YIELD

To the Conditions Insisted Upon by Germany.

AUTONOMY FOR THE CRETANS.

Affairs at Volo Are Now Fast Assuming Their Normal Condition—The Inhabitants Indignant at the Greek Troops' Desecration of the Town.

Athens, May 11.—The conditions insisted upon by Germany, the chief of which is that Greece shall give her formal consent to the principal of autonomy for Crete, will be accepted by the Greek government. The note of the powers has not yet been presented, but it has been drawn, and is to the following effect:

Upon a formal declaration by Greece that she will recall her troops and agree to such an autonomous regime for Crete as the powers in their wisdom shall deem best, and accept unreservedly the counsels of the powers, they will intervene in the interests of peace.

The note will probably be presented this afternoon, after the German minister has received final instructions. It is understood that Greece in her reply will assent to all of these conditions.

M. Ralli, the premier, and M. Skouloudis, minister of foreign affairs, had a long interview last evening with Mr. Egerton, the British representative, which has caused considerable comment. It is believed to be connected with the expected intervention of the powers.

A dispatch from Domokos says that the heavy rains there prevent fighting.

Affairs at Volo are fast assuming their normal condition, but the inhabitants are very indignant at the way in which they were deserted by the Greek troops. It is said that when the municipal authorities asked the military commandant what they were to do when the Turks arrived he replied: "Do what you like; it's no concern of mine."

The Greeks at Almyros are in a state of panic. The newspaper correspondents with the Greek forces are subjected to the severest censorship. General Smolenski is highly praised, but the prevailing opinion is that the majority of Greek officers have had only the smallest practical training, and entirely fail to command the confidence of their men.

The Turks found a quantity of railroad material at the Volo railroad station, but they were unable to use the engines, as the Greeks had removed essential parts.

The Turkish officers complain of the non-resistance of the Greeks, and declare it is not war, but merely a military promenade. The opinion is expressed that the Greeks are avoiding a serious fight in order to spare their troops, who may be needed at Athens in the event of a revolution.

It is reported that Turkey's terms of peace include the pay of an indemnity of £3,000,000 ($15,000,000), a rearrangement of the Greek frontier, the annulling of the treaties favoring the Greeks, the cession of the Greek fleet to Turkey and the settlement of the Cretan question.

Mr. Steevens, the special correspondent of the London Daily Mail with the Turkish forces in Thessaly, declares that the province has been lost through rank cowardice. Everything is ripe for a serious political crisis or for a revolution. The army is disgusted, and the armed peasantry are universally discontented. The Greek National society could not have a better opportunity.

The recall of the forces from Crete has been received with resignation by the public. The Delyannis organs attack the government bitterly for appealing to Europe, but most of the papers accept this as inevitable, and violently attack the Ethnike Hetairia, asking it to render an account of its action.

The Greek army now occupies all the passes from Lake Xynias, south of Domokos, to Gura on the east, the latter point being occupied by General Smonlenski's brigade. Skirmishes have occurred at Plaka.

Almost the whole population of Thessaly, numbering 350,000, has fled to the mountains in the west. Refugees from Volo, Pharsalos and the villages around Mount Pelion have been transported to the islands of Skiathos, Skopelos and Euboea. Forty-five thousand refugees from villages along the coast are clamoring for food at Almyros.

On learning that the crown prince had appointed his dismissed chief of staff, Colonel Sapoundzaki, and his aide-de-camp, Captain Hadjipetro, to the command of an artillery regiment, the government recalled both officers to Athens, and ordered them to return immediately.

Pennsylvania Legislation.

Harrisburg, May 11.—The order of business in the house last night was bills on first and second reading, and a large number passed this stage. Contrary to expectations, the friends of the Young bill giving trolley companies the right of eminent domain did not try to reconsider the resolution making a special order for it on second and third readings. Senate bill to establish a dental council and state board of dental examiners was reconsidered on motion of Mr. Focht, of Union, and then amended to correct typographical errors. The measure afterwards passed reading. Among the bills passed second reading was one increasing the number of inspectors of the Eastern penitentiary from 5 to 12, and one permitting sheriffs and coroners to invite newspaper representatives to executions.

Choynski Gets the Decision.

New York, May 11.—The 20 round bout between Joe Choynski, of California, and Denver "Ed" Smith last night was cut short by Referee Roche, who stopped the bout after two minutes and eight seconds of fighting in the fourth round. Smith frequently tried to hold Choynski's hand during the first three rounds, and was roundly hissed for doing so. Choynski had an easy task, for he knocked Smith down in the first round, and the Denver man took nearly the full ten seconds in getting to his feet. The fight was so onesided that Smith repeatedly fouled, despite the referee's warnings, and at the end of the fourth round Choynski was awarded the decision.

Steamers Foundered, Many Drowned.

Hamburg, May 11.—A dispatch from the Island of Heligoland announces that the Dutch steamer Firdene, from Cagliari, Island of Sardinia, for Stockholm, has been in collision with the Norwegian bark Roedvar. Both vessels are supposed to have foundered. It is reported that 13 men of the two crews have been saved, and that the drowned are largely in excess of that number.

Victory For Bell Telephone Company.

Washington, May 11.—The Bell Telephone company has won the case brought against it by the United States to annul the last Berliner patent. This decision has the effect of continuing the control of the telephone by the Bell company for 17 years from the date of the last patent, which was granted in 1891. The decision was given yesterday by the United States supreme court.

Accused Bankers Arrested.

West Superior, Wis., May 11.—Homer and Walter Fowler, ex-president and vice president of the Northwestern National bank, were arrested yesterday afternoon on a bench warrant as the result of a federal grand jury investigation. The charges against the Fowlers is misapplication of funds by over loaning to the Russell & Miller Milling company.

CUBA IN THE SENATE.

Mr. Morgan's Resolution Will Probably Be Referred to Committee.

Washington, May 11.—The Morgan Cuban resolution was discussed at considerable length in the senate yesterday. Mr. Hale of Maine and Mr. White of California spoke against the resolution, while Mr. Turpie of Indiana supported it. The speeches were not of the kind to stimulate the galleries, being in the main calm and dispassionate reviews of the situation in Cuba. There is some prospect that a vote may be reached today on Mr. Hale's motion to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign relations. A resolution was agreed to without opposition putting into effect today the rearrangement of the senate committees as agreed upon in the several caucuses.

The house resumed the transaction of public business which had been suspended since the Indian appropriation bill was sent to conference three weeks ago. The consideration of the senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill was entered upon under a special order providing for a recess each day until disposed of. Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, attempted to harass the majority with points of no quorum, but without success. The debate yesterday was confined to the discussion of the senate amendments to restore the lands reserved as forest reservations under President Cleveland's order of Feb. 22 to the public domain. It was agreed to take a vote on this question today.

RACE RIOT IN GEORGIA

Because a Storekeeper Refused to Wait on a Negro.

Waycross, Ga., May 11.—A race war at Delmar, a little town near here, resulted in bloodshed yesterday. C. A. Demory, a storekeeper, refused to wait on William Simmons, a negro politician of some repute. Simmons attempted to brain him with a scale weight, whereupon Demory shot and killed him.

About 4 o'clock the store was attacked by a mob of negroes, who kept volleys of bullets pouring through the thin sides of the building until 8 o'clock last night. They seriously wounded Demory, William Horsell, James Boyd and two brothers named Williamson. The sheriff and a posse from Valdosta drove the mob away and placed a guard about the wounded men for the night. A number of the negroes were shot, but none killed so far as can be learned.

Homage to Prince Bismarck.

Friedrichsruhe, May 11.—Three thousand men were in line in a torchlight parade given last evening in honor of Prince Bismarck. A heavy rain was falling, but in spite of this Prince Bismarck appeared upon the balcony and witnessed the march past. The crowd then gathered in front of him and listened to a brief address by Dr. Semler, congratulating him on his recovery from his recent illness. In responding Prince Bismarck spoke with much of his old vigor. He referred to the fact that it was just 50 years ago when he entered parliamentary life, and added: "One of the advantages of becoming old is that one becomes indifferent to hatred, insult and calumny, while one's capacity for love and goodwill increased."

Dr. Depew's Blarney.

New York, May 11.—There was a large attendance at the opening of the Irish palace building fair in the Grand Central palace last night. The chief attraction seemed to be a miniature representation of Ireland sodded with soil from the 32 counties of the "Emerald Isle." There was a great demand for tickets permitting the purchaser to tread the loam imported for the occasion. Chauncey M. Depew delivered the opening address, in concluding which he passed into the inclosure where the provinces were outlined, and, standing on the loam representing County Tyrone, said as he faced the spectators: "Here is where my ancestral fathers lived."

Threw Herself from a Train.

Hudson, N. Y., May 11.—Mrs. David Oppenheim, he wife of a former mayor of Vancouver, B. C., is in the hospital here with both her feet cut off. She was en route to Philadelphia to be treated by a specialist for a nervous disease, and was accompanied by her husband and a nurse. They occupied a compartment in a Wagner car on the New York Central railroad. Yesterday, when the train was a few miles above Hudson, Mrs. Oppenheim flung herself from the car window. The wheels cut off both her feet. Amputation of both legs will be necessary.

Stout Gets Three Years.

New York, May 11.—Thomas H. Stout, who, while in the employ of Kennet, Honkins & Co., brokers of this city and Chicago, forged drafts to the amount of $16,000, was yesterday sentenced to three years' imprisonment. The forgeries were committed in 1891, and before his detection Stout disappeared. He returned last week from London, surrendered himself, and when arraigned in general sessions yesterday pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery. There has been no restitution so far as known.

Robbers Ransack a Parsonage.

South Bend, Ind., May 11.—Two masked robbers at 1 o'clock in the morning entered the residence of Rev. Joseph Flache, the Catholic priest at Dyer, Ind., and ransacked the house. The priest and cook were awakened, and seeing probable resistance the robber used an iron bar, striking the cook on the head and inflicting dangerous wounds. The priest attempted to shoot, but his revolver failed to work, and he was roughly handled. Bloodhounds are on the trail.

Imprisoned Editor Vindicated.

Cleveland, May 11.—The circuit court yesterday discharged Editor Post, arrested, convicted and sentenced for contempt of court by Judge Lamson, of the common pleas court, about six weeks ago. Post had written an editorial which was a stricture on court methods in general and Judge Lamson's methods in particular. The case was dismissed and Post was discharged.

Rockefellow Again Convicted.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 11.—The sealed verdict of the jury in the case of ex-Banker F. V. Rockafellow, who was charged with embezzlement, was opened in court yesterday. The jury finds the defendant guilty, with a recommendation to mercy. The jury had been out for 42 hours.

The President's Memorial Day.

New York, May 11.—The committee in charge of the Memorial day exercises has received a telegram from President McKinley accepting the invitation to come to New York and take part in the ceremonies.

Mine Explosion Kills Seventeen.

London, May 11.—A terrible explosion has taken place on the Isle of Man, in the Snaefell lead mine. A large number of miners were entombed, and it now seems certain that at least 17 have been killed.

Wife Murderer's Suicide.

Philadelphia, May 11.—Ex-Policeman Moses Orr, of the Nineteenth district, who during the early part of last week stabbed his wife, Fannie Orr, in the abdomen, inflicting injuries from which she died within 12 hours, took his life some time early in the morning by hanging himself in his cell in the old county prison, where he had been committed to await the action of the grand jury.

Germany's Formidable Rifles.

London, May 11.—A dispatch to The Daily News from Berlin says the German artillery is now fully provided with the new quick firing guns, at a cost of £10,000,000. A battery can fire 60 shots a minute at a range of over five miles.

TO PROTECT THE SEALS.

Another Commission About to Visit the Pribiloff Islands.

BRITISH COMMISSION'S REPORT.

It Does Not Admit That the Seal Herds Are In Danger of Annihilation, but Declares That the Situation Demands Prudent Management.

Washington, May 11.—Mr. C. S. Hamlin, former asistant secretary of the treasury, and now employed by the government as assistant counsel in the pending negotiations with Great Britain relative to the seal fisheries, has returned from California, where he went to confer with President Jordan, of the Leland Stanford university. President Jordan spent a part of last season on the seal islands, as commissioner in charge of the seal investigations, and Mr. Hamlin's mission was to secure, if possible, the acceptance by President Jordan of a similar commission for the coming season.

Mr. Jordan has agreed to undertake the work, and in company with Professors Stejneger and Lucas, of the United States national museum, the other members of the commission, Mr. Joseph Murray of Colorado and Mr. Morton of Indiana, special agents of the treasury department, will sail for the Pribiloff Islands about June 1. The instructions to the commissioners are now in preparation, and will be completed in a few days. It is said that they will not differ in any important particular from those furnished the commission one year ago. The practice of branding the female pups, begun last year, will be continued.

The report of the British commission, which prosecuted its investigation on the islands in conjunction with the United States commission, has reached the department of state, and although our officials decline to discuss it, there is no doubt they were somewhat surprised at the conclusions reached. It had been confidently assured that the commission could not avoid the frank statement that under existing conditions the seal herds were in imminent danger of annihilation, but it does not do so. The report, however, is not entirely disappointing, as Mr. Thompson admits that the situation demands prudent management to prevent a depletion of the herds.

Mr. Thompson, in concluding his report to the British authorities, says:

"The alarming statements to which utterance has been given in recent years, the accounts of the herds' immense decrease and the prophecies of its approaching extinction are overdrawn and untenable. But it is my duty to state that there is still abundant need for care and for prudent measures of conservation in the interests of all. A birthrate which we estimate at 142,000 per annum is not great in comparison with the drain upon the stock. From one cause or another a loss of over 20,000 is experienced among the pups ere they emigrate to sea, and though the dangers they there encounter are unknown to us we may take it for certain that the risks they run are great and the loss they endure considerable.

"When to the measured loss in infancy and to the unmeasured loss in youth and age we add the toll taken on the islands and the toll taken in the sea it is not difficult to believe that the margin of safety is a narrow one, if it be not already in some measure overstepped. We hope for a perpetuation of the present numbers; we cannot count upon an increase. And it is my earnest hope that a recognition of mutual interests and a regard for the common advantage may suggest measures of prudence which shall keep the pursuit and slaughter of the animal within due and definite bounds."

Calls It "Malicious Legislation."

Scranton, Pa., May 11.—President Judge R. W. Achbald yesterday handed down an exhaustive opinion affecting 24 Pennsylvania cities of the third class, that the act of 1895 regulating special assessments by boards of appeals is unconstitutional. The plaintiff in the case was John Jermyn, the Scranton multi-millionaire coal operator, who contested the right of the Scranton board of revision and appeal to order a special tax assessment in any but a regular triennial year. Judge Archbald termed the act "malicious legislation." One of Mr. Jermyn's properties assessed at $11,000 in 1895 was raised in value to $14,000 by this year's specially ordered assessment. The city will take an appeal.

Hired Men to Commit Arson.

Hollidaysburg, Pa., May 11.—Robert B. Hutchinson, the leading merchant of Kipple, this county, was sentenced in court yesterday to pay $50 fine and to go to jail for six months for solicitation to commit arson. Hutchinson hired two crooks to burn the store of Pheasant & Wagner, his rivals in business. This is the first instance on record in the state in which a person was punished for this crime. Hutchinson's attorneys will appeal to the supreme court.

Reform in Prison Raiment.

Lansing, Kan., May 11.—The board of directors of the state penitentiary have announced to the convicts that the regulation striped uniforms will be discarded beginning July 4. The new garb of the convicts is to be of gray material, with black stripes along the seam of the trousers and around the coat sleeves. The old striped uniforms will be worn only in the coal mine and by offenders against prison discipline.

Urging Pardon For a Wealthy Broker.

Washington, May 11.—A petition has been circulated among senators asking for the pardon of E. R. Chapman, the recalcitrant witness in the sugar trust investigation. It has been signed by quite a number of senators. Senators Lodge and Allen, of the committee which made the investigation, have not signed the petition.

An Escaped Nun's Suicide.

Cincinnati, May 11.—The body of Marie Flood was found in the Ohio river yesterday, having probably committed suicide. She was a prominent sister of charity, and escaped from Mount Adams convent over a month ago, since which time search for her has been made everywhere. She was evidently demented.

Death by Accident at 95.

Sturtegis, Mich., May 11.—Mrs. Cyrus Fillmore, widow of the brother of ex-President Fillmore, fell from the porch of her daughter's residence and died shortly after from concussion of the brain. She was the oldest resident of the town, being over 95 years of age, and very wealthy.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

An attempt is being made in Duluth, Minn., to form a national protective association for servant girls.

Captain William Strong, the greatest mountain fighter of eastern Kentucky, was shot and killed on Sunday.

Catholic circles in New York say that Pope Leo XIII will issue a decree against cremation of Catholics.

Friends of Secretary Sherman in Washington last night celebrated the 74th anniversary of the Ohio statesman's birth.

A Simla, British India, dispatch says: A British officer and 30 coolies have been killed by an avalanche on the Springgarleh road.

Passengers on the Mallory liner Leona believe that the fire by which 15 lives were lost was caused by a lighted match thrown by a sailor.

Secretary Gage has sent a communication to the senate recommending a special tax of not less than $500 or more than $1,000 per annum to be imposed on the industry of distilling.

HER ROMANCE QUICKLY ENDED

"Baroness" Von Turkheim Deserted and Penniless In London.

London, May 11.—Jeannine von Turkheim, nee Young, of San Francisco, is in this city and in great distress. She says that she is the victim of a conspiracy which has grown out of the Fair will contest at San Francisco. She charges her husband with a knowledge of the conspiracy, and is anxious to return to California in order to expose it. She is entirely without funds, and is beseeching her friends in San Francisco, by cable, to send her money enough to pay her passage home.

The correspondent of the Associated Press interviewed the Baroness von Turkheim, as she is known, yesterday. He found her in a state of great mental agony. In the course of the interview she said:

"Owing to my knowledge of important facts bearing on the Fair will case it became desirable, in the interest of certain persons, to remove me from the scene of action. To bring this about I was induced, or instigated, to marry the man calling himself Baron von Turkheim. We sailed for England.

"During the voyage there were repeated attempts to poison me with laudanum. When we arrived at Liverpool I discovered among the effects of the man calling himself Baron von Turkheim certain papers showing him to be a detective employed by Stillwell's agency, in San Francisco. When I charged him with his duplicity he admitted it. We came to London and took rooms at the Hotel Cecil. Today he paid the hotel bill and left me. I do not know his whereabouts. I am penniless, and am obliged to go to a boarding house."

The President's Philadelphia Visit.

Washington, May 11.—Arrangements in outline were practically completed yesterday for the president's visit to Philadelphia on the occasion of the unveiling of the Washington monument. The president, accompanied by his secretary, Mr. Porter, the vice president and party, and all of the members of the cabinet, will leave here at 2 o'clock next Fridany afternoon. The president's party will be guests at the Walton hotel, and that of the vice president at the Continental. At 6:30 o'clock the president will dine informally with some of the officers of the Union League club. At 9 o'clock he will give a public reception. On Saturday afternoon he will review the parade, and at 1 o'clock he will deliver an address on the monument grounds. He will leave Philadelphia at 7 o'clock Saturday evening for Washington.

The Locomotive's Coming Successor.

Hartford, May 11.—The third rail electric railroad system was tested yesterday on the New England tracks between Hartford and New Britain, and is a success. The run of ten miles between New Britain and Hartford was made in 12½ minutes, and with less jar than is ordinarily experienced in the steam passenger trains. Stretches of the route were covered much faster than a mile a minute, and the motor car was geared to 85 miles. It is said that the new system will largely supersede the steam locomotive.

New York's Gold Democrats.

New York, May 11.—The National or gold Democrats met in the assembly districts over the city last night and organized the assembly district committees, delegates to which were elected last week at the organization's primaries. These committees last night elected delegates to the county committee, each choosing as many delegates as it had election districts in the election last fall.

Death Came While at Prayer.

Easton, Pa., May 11.—While on his knees offering up his morning prayer, John Martin, a wealthy Eastonian, was seized with an attack of heart failure and died. He was 75 years old. In early life he amassed a large fortune, and at the time of his death was the owner of many valuable business and dwelling houses and building sites in the heart of the city.

Veto by Governor Pingree.

Lansing, Mich., May 11.—Governor Pingree has vetoed the anti-cigarette bill, which makes boys under 17 years of age liable to imprisonment for smoking cigarettes. The governor says it is a parental, not a state duty to correct bad habits in children.

Mrs. Parnell Coming Over.

Bordentown, N. J., May 11.—Mrs. Delia Stewart Parnell, mother of the late Irish leader, and who is now in Ireland, will sail for America next month.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Dealings on Wall Street Show Signs of Decided Strength.

New York, May 10.—The market for stocks today showed signs of decided strength throughout, though the dealings continued dull and prices advanced very cautiously in spite of improved prices for Americans in London. This was supplemented by some small buying for London account in this market later in the day. The excellent crop reports from the northwest and improved earnings, both those reported and those rumored for the immediate future, gave an impetus to the buying of railroad properties in that region. The Grangers and Northern Pacific received the most noticeable benefit from this. St. Paul and Burlington especially being largely dealt in. Closing bids:

Balto. & Ohio...	113¼	Lehigh Valley..	24
Chesa. & Ohio...	16¾	N. J. Central...	78½
Del. & Hudson..	106	N. Y. Central..	99⅝
D., L. & W.....	148⅝	Pennsylvania ..	52
Erie*.....	11½	Reading .....*	18⅝
Lake Erie & W..	13¾	St. Paul.....	74

*All asst's paid.

General Markets.

Philadelphia, May 10.—Flour firm; winter superfine, $2.75@2.90; do. extras, $3@3.25; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $4@4.15; do. straight, $4.15@4.30; western winter, clear, $4@4.15; do. straight, $4.15@4.30; city mills, extra, $3.10@3.35. Rye flour quiet and steady at $2.25@2.50 per barrel. Wheat strong; contract wheat, May, 83@83½c.; No. 2 Pennsylvania and No. 2 Delaware red, spot, 90½c.; No. 2 red, May, 80¾c.; do. June, 78⅝c.; do. September, 75c.; do. December, 75¾c. Corn quiet, but firm; steamer corn, spot, 27½@28c.; No. 2 yellow for local trade, 32c.; No. 2 mixed, spot, 28¼@29c.; do. May, 28¼@28c. Oats quiet, but firm; No. 2 white, carlots, 27½c.; No. 2 white clipped, carlots, 27½c.; No. 2 white, May, 26@26½c.; do. June and July, 25@26c. Hay quiet; choice timothy, $14@14.50 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, $21@21.50. Pork steady; family, $10.50@11. Lard dull and easy; western steamed, $4.25. Butter dull; western creamery, 13@15c.; do. factory, 8½@12c.; Elgins, 15c.; imitation creamery, 10@14½c.; New York dairy, 11@16c.; do. creamery, 13@15c.; fancy prints jobbing at 19@22c.; do. extra, wholesale, 18c. Cheese quiet; large, 9½@10¾c.; small, 10½@11½c.; part skims, 4@8c.; full skims, 2½@3c. Eggs firm; New York and Pennsylvania, 10@ 10½c.; western, fresh, 9@10½c.; southern, 8½@8¾c. Tallow dull; city, 3¾c.; country, 3¼c. Petroleum quiet; United to closed at 89c. bid. Turpentine steady at 28½@29c. Pig iron quiet; southern, $9.50@10.50; northern, $10@12. Copper firmer; brokers, $11.12½; exchange, $10.80@11. Tin quiet; straits, $12.20@12.30; plates dull. Spelter quiet; domestic, $4.10@4.20. Lead shows continued strength, according to leading brokers; Metal Exchange calls the market quiet, but steady, at $3.27½@3.32½. Cottonseed oil dull; prime summer yellow, 23½@24c.; off summer yellow, 23¼@23½c.; butter grades, 20@22c. Coffee closed inactive; May, $7.50; June, $7.50; September, $7.65; December, $7.15.

Live Stock Markets.

New York, May 10.—Beeves active, slightly stronger; native steers, $4.25@5.10; stags and oxen, $3.25@3.85; bulls, $3.25@ 3.40; dry cows, $1.85@3.35. Calves active, good grades slightly firm; veals, $3@6.25. Sheep and lambs active and firmer; clipped sheep, $4@4.60; unshorn do., $4.25@5; clipped lambs, $4.75@5.62½; unshorn do., $5.75@6.65; Kentucky spring lambs, $7.27@ 7.50. Hogs lower and dull at $4.10@4.20.

East Liberty, Pa., May 10.—Cattle steady; prime, $5.10@5.25; bulls, stags and cows, $2@3.75; common to fat oxen, $2@ 4.10. Hogs dull and lower; prime medium weights and best Yorkers, $3.90@4; common to fair Yorkers, $3.85@3.90; pigs, $3.95 @4; heavy hogs, $3.80@3.90; roughs, $2.50@ 3.25. Sheep steady; clipped sheep, $4.30@ 4.35; common, $3@3.60; choice lambs, $5@ 5.15; spring lambs, $5@7; veal calves, $4.50 @4.75.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Irvin, deceased.
Letters Testamentary upon the estate of John Irvin, deceased late of Curwensville, Clearfield county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
THE PROVIDENT LIFE & TRUST COMPANY, Executor, 4th & Chestnut Sts., Phila. Pa.
S. V. WILSON, Attorney, Clearfield, Pa.
April 30 1897, 6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Karlheim, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of John Karlheim, deceased, late of Carroll township, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to us, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay and those having claims against the said estate, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN OTT,
WILLIAM KARLHEIM,
Executors.
Carroll township, May 7 h, 1897 6t. X

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of James A. Parrish, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of James A. Parrish, deceased, late of the Township of Munster, in Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
J. A. SCHWAB,
Administrator
Loretto, Pa., May 7th 1897 6t. X

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Michael Farabaugh, deceased.
Letters testamentary in the estate of Michael Farabaugh, deceased late of Blacklick township, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay and those having claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
CHARLES FARABAUGH,
Executor
Blacklick township, April 23 '97, 6t X.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.
Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG - - - PENN'A
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.
Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.
General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:
DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.
LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.
COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate
DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.
ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.
Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.
Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

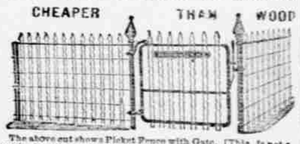
Owens & Makin,
BUTCHERS,

All kinds of the Best Meat from selected stock kept at their Daily Meat Market on High Street, Ebensburg.
Give us a call.
sep4.96

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH
Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.96.1y

Steel Picket Fence.
CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a setting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture heavy Iron Fencing, Crestings, Stable Fittings, Iron Shutters and Fire Escapes, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all Kinds of WIRE WORK.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
101, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.
mch 6 96 1y.

TO MAKE MONEY
and enjoy it, one must first have good health.
LAXATEA
cleanses the system, aids digestion, cures constipation and sick headache. Pleasant to take, does not gripe. For sale by all your druggists, 10c and 25c. Samples free. Manufactured by THE JOHN H. HULL CO., Warren, Pa.. 3 12 97

Robert Cassidy's
Shaving Parlor
Located on Centre street near O'Hara's Livery office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.
ROBERT CASSIDY.

FAT FOLKS can reduce 5 to 15 lbs. per month by a harmless treatment by a graduate physician of 20 years' experience. No bad effects or dieting from business. No starving, wrinkles or dabbiness. In 4 weeks improves general health 10 pounds. Unqualified by physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.
PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL
confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp,
DR. SNYDER, 69 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill., or 365 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.
oct28.95 1y

WANTED AGENTS
to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty years; known and wanted by every planter in the land. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write ELLWANGER & BARRY, Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the
Scientific American
Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

THE KEELEY CURE
A special boon to business men who, having drifted unconsciously into the drink habit and acquired the disease of alcoholism (inebriety or dipsomania), feel their mind and nerves giving way, requiring a clear brain. A four weeks course of treatment at the
PITTSBURG KEELEY INSTITUTE,
No. 4216 Fifth Avenue,
stores to them all their powers, mental and physical, destroys the abnormal appetite, and places them to the condition they were in before using alcohol in stimulants. This has been done in more than 2500 cases treated here, and among them some of your own neighbors, to whom we can refer with confidence as to the extremely good efficiency of the Keeley Cure. Let friend and most searching investigation be invited. Send for pamphlet giving full information.
aug 2 94

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.
Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with names of actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Mountain House
Shaving Parlor,
Main Street, Near Post Office
The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Centre street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES

1794. 1897
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

LARRABEE'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
has enjoyed a constant patronage for over sixty years. It is universally efficacious in all painful diseases, such as
Rheumatism, Lumbago,
Catarrh, Toothache,
Neuralgia, Backache
and other ailments where pain is an attendant. Try it. At Drug stores, or by mail on receipt of name, address and 25 cents.
WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.
Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.
April 16 '79 1y

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

SALESMEN WANTED
To sell our high grade inspected Nursery Stock. Many new specialties offered this year for the first time, as well as the standard varieties of fruits and ornamentals. No previous experience necessary. Write for terms, stating age, etc.
Hoopes, Bro. & Thomas, Maple Avenue Nurseries
West Chester, Pa.

FOR PROPOSALS.
Sealed proposals will be received up to 24th, for plastering the St. Nicholas church. Plans and specifications can be seen at Rev. Rupert Tragasser, Nicktown, Pa. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

LADIES!
Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the Black Publishing Co., 358 and 360 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated "Ladies' Books." It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.
On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous house hold game Verba.
For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!
A very pleasing, harmless, glycerinized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine or other bitter tonics, when taken either fluid or solid. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed daily by intelligent physicians in Europe and America. Formula on companies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.
Manufactured by
The Academic Pharmaceutic Co.,
LONDON AND NEW YORK.
532—546 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

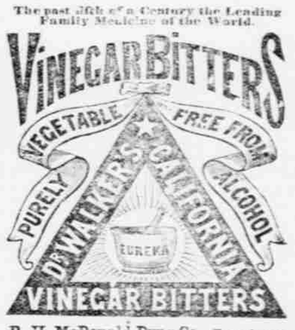
ROYAL ELIXIR.
An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for colds, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of scientific research.
Approved by the highest medical authorities. In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.
Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.
In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.
Prepared solely by
The Royal Pharmaceutic Co
LONDON AND NEW YORK,
Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.
NEW YORK BRANCH:
130, 132, 134 Charlton St

ROYAL PILLS.
Same medicinal properties as Royal Elixir, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORD. AL,	delicious,	50c.
Vinegar Bitters POWDERS,	20 doses,	50c.
Vinegar Bitters, new style,	pleasant taste,	$1.00
Vinegar Bitters, old style,	bitter taste,	$1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.
Only Temperance Bitters Known.
The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.



R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.
The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S H